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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Acting Secretary of the Navy Allen in a letter to Mayor Gordon, at Southport, says it will not be practicabla for the cruiser Raleigh to visit Southport or the waters of that vicinity, for presentation of the trophy captured at Manila. —— The President's proclamation to the Filipinos is published. —— Warren F. Leland died in New York city yesterday evening. —— Shots exchanged between Filipinos and some of MacArthur's men; two of the latter wounded. —— The Filipino Junta asserts existence of intrigues between American officials and the Vatican for the re-establishment of the ascendancy of the Roman Catholic Church in the Philippines. —— The Cuban Military Assembly has voted to disband the army and dissolve; copies of the muster rolls will be given Gen. Brooke. —— The marriage of Virginia Fair and Wm. K. Vanderbilt took place yesterday in New York city. —— In the municipal elections in Texas Democrats generally were successful. —— Lord Salisbury has accepted the plan proposed for settlement of the Samoan trouble. —— War is threatened between the republics of Hayti and San Domingo. ——N. Y. markets: Money on call firm at 5@6 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 3-16c; flour was dull and easier; wheat — spot dull; No. 2 red 80½c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 41½@43c; oats—spot dull; No. 2 33c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine steady.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., April 4

Temperature: 8 A.M., 45 deg.; 8 P.M., 36 deg.; maximum, 45 deg.; minimum 36 deg.; mean, 40 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .51; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .51.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 12.2.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—For North Carolina—Fair and warmer Wednesday, probably fair, and fair and warmer Thursday; fresh northerly winds, becoming variable winds.

Port Almanac---April 5.

Sun Rises	5.43 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.24 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 40 M.
High Water at Southport	3 54 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	7.24 P. M.

"Aguinaldo's capital falls!" exclaims a contemporary. No it doesn't. Aguinaldo totes his capital with him.

China's Emperor, in his sequestration, amuses himself training goats and monkeys, and has doubtless found a congenial occupation, about his size.

Miss Fair, the bride-to-be of young Mr. Vanderbilt, has received $1,000,000 worth of jewels as bridal presents. As she has no notion of running a museum the girl is wondering what she can do with all that truck.

Although they may be nimble runners when emergencies suggest running as safer than standing, it is the opinion of our soldiers in the Philippines that "one Filipino is worth two Spaniards" when it comes to tough fighting.

The Brooklyn pastor who has declared against shutting children up in Sunday schools and insists that parents should teach their children week days and take them walking Sunday afternoons, has made himself solid with the lambs in his flock.

There is a stuff sold in Lousiana called "boiling pork" which is described as a "curious, coarse but tender and beautiful meat, resembling neither in taste nor looks pork or beef." There is very strong suspicious by the inhabitants that they are being buncoed with horse or mule meat.

Instead of making divorces more difficult they seem to be making them easier in France. There is a court in Paris which devotes one day in the week to gratuitous decrees, and where they turn them out at the rate of about 200 a day of four hours, which is running on a sort of one minute schedule.

The Bureau of Associated Charities of Chicago has established an institution where poor people can have their teeth fixed up or pulled out at encouraging prices. Teeth pulled out for 10 cents and plugged at 15 to 25 cents. City dentists give their services gratis, and the stuff for filling is furnished at cost.

Experiments are being made on some of the streets of Paris with glass for paving. It is cast in blocks, which are subjected to immense hydraulic pressure, which makes the blocks harder and more durable than stone, and it is also cheaper than stone. The upper surface is indented in check form, to give sure footing to horses.

LOCAL DOTS.

— There was nothing doing in the local cotton and spirits turpentine market yesterday.

— The Piano Club will meet at the residence of Col. A. M. Waddell at 11 o'clock this forenoon.

— The meeting of the Board of Managers of the City Hospital was postponed yesterday on account of the lack of a quorum. A special meeting of the board will be held this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— Richard Byrd, colored, was tried by Mayor Waddell yesterday for being drunk, disorderly and resisting Policemen George and Smith. He was put to work on the streets for twenty days.

— The regular quarterly meeting of the Third North Carolina Infantry Association will be held at the office of the Board of Audit and Finance this evening, April 5th, 1899, at 8.15 o'clock. All members are earnestly requested to be present.

— Past Grand W. L. Smith and Past Grand A. H. Creasy as alternate, were elected delegates to the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows which will convene at Raleigh on the second Tuesday in May, by Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, at its weekly meeting held last night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clyde Line—Sailing days.
Opera House—Eunice Goodrich.
S. W. Sander—For a few days only.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—"Mother's help."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. R. T. Elliott, of Wilmington, Del., is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. A. B. Raeford, of Goldsboro, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— G. P. Sutton, of Elizabethtown, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Robt. B. Scarborough and Mr. B. R. King, of Conway, are in the city on business.

— Mr. W. M. Corbett, of Ivanhoe, was in the city yesterday and made the STAR office a very pleasant call.

— Mr. L. J. Burriss, formerly of this city, but now of Boston, Mass., who has been in the city the past ten days, the guest of his parents, left for his home yesterday.

WILMINGTON PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

Secretary and Treasurer's Annual Report Posted on 'Change Yesterday.

Only routine matters of little interest to the public were considered at the regular meeting of the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. President H. G. Smallbones presided and Col. Cantwell, the efficient and obliging secretary, was at his post. After the transaction of routine matters, it was ordered that the secretary and treasurer post on 'Change his annual statement for the inspection of members, which instruction was promptly complied with.

The annual meeting of the Board of Managers will be held next Monday, and it has been suggested that as this is the only association that keeps a complete record of the business of the city, and that as every business man is directly or indirectly interested in the work accomplished by it, that this, the beginning of a new fiscal year, would be an appropriate occasion for business men who are not members to associate themselves with the enterprise. The Exchange has now about forty members.

Odd Fellows Celebration.

The lodges of the local Odd Fellow fraternity are preparing to elaborately and fittingly celebrate the Eightieth anniversary of the founding of the order on Wednesday, April 26th, and to this end committees from the various lodges have been appointed to arrange all preliminaries. These committees held a joint session last night and many matters pertaining to the celebration were discussed but nothing definite was arrived at, which the committees care at present to make public. It is understood, however, that the feature of the programme will be an address by some distinguished member of the order of Odd Fellows in the State, and the event is pleasantly anticipated by the large membership of that organization in Wilmington.

Vestrymen Elected.

The annual ballot for vestrymen at St. Paul's Episcopal Church held Easter Monday resulted in the selection of the following gentlemen: Mr. Walter G. MacRae, Mr. R. H. Pickett, Mr. R. C. Cantwell, Mr. J. J. Windley, Mr. W. P. Toomer, Mr. William Price and Mr. Edward Manning. The vestrymen of St. James' Church were announced in yesterday's STAR. The election of St. John's Parish will be held next Monday.

Sad News Received,

Mr. M. J. Corbett, senior member of the firm of Corbett & Co., Monday received a letter conveying to him the sad intelligence of the death of his youngest brother, Mr. John Corbett, at Deerpark, Lismore, Ireland. The Cork *Examiner*, of the 23rd ult., containing a notice of his death was received by Mr. Corbett yesterday.

MANY MATTERS WERE CONSIDERED.

At the First Meeting of the Board of Audit and Finance for the Fiscal Year Held Last Night.

The first meeting of the City Board of Audit and Finance for the fiscal year beginning April 1st, was held last night. Those present were Messrs. H. C. McQueen, S. P. McNair, C. W. Yates and W. A. Riach, which, with the addition of Mr. Jesse Wilder, who came in later in the evening, constitutes the new Board appointed by the recent session of the General Assembly.

The oath of office was administered to Mr. McQueen by Mr. N. B. Rankin, a justice of the peace, and Mr. McQueen, who is also a justice of the peace, swore in the remaining members of the Board.

Mr. Riach was then called to the chair and the election of officers being declared in order, Mr. Yates placed in nomination Mr. McQueen, who was unanimously re-elected for two years, with the exception of one ballot cast for Mr. C. W. Yates.

Upon assuming the chair, Mr. McQueen addressed the Board as follows, touching what he thought should be the future policy of the administration with referenne to the financial management of city affairs:

GENTLEMEN:—This Board has for several years labored under very great disadvantage and on account of past existing conditions—I do not say system for there has been none—much money has been wasted in the various departments that could have been avoided by systematic business methods. We have the best of reasons to believe that the present Board of Aldermen appreciate fully the necessity of re-organizing the business of the city and I am sure this board will concur in any such measures requiring our sanction.

I wish to state also that it occurred to me last Fall that a part of the bonded debt of the city could probably be refunded at a lower rate of interest and I had a bill for the purpose prepared and passed by the last General Assembly by which it is hoped that a considerable annual saving will be made.

Capt. Jno. Cowan was unanimously re-elected clerk to the Board upon motion of Mr. S. P. McNair.

Awarding of the contracts by the Board of Aldermen for lighting and furnishing the oil and gas lights to J. B. Casteen for $1,100, and for feeding city prisoners to Mrs. James Sheehan at seven and a half cents per meal, was approved.

The following salaries of officers were fixed:

Mayor, per annum, $1,800.

Clerk and Treasurer and Tax Collector, $1,500.

Assistant Clerk and Treasurer, $1,000.

Commissioner Sinking Fund, $400.

Clerk Board Audit and Finance, $1,200.

The formal notification of officers chosen at the election in March and of those made by the Board of Aldermen was read by the clerk.

The bond of Mr. B. F. King, as City Clerk and Treasurer and Tax Collector, in the sum of $20,000, with Messrs. J. W. Norwood, J. V. Grainger and J. C. Stevenson as sureties, was accepted.

The Clerk submitted a statement of an examination of the books of the Clerk and Treasurer, which was approved. The report shows, cash on hand March 1st, $9,352.70; receipts for the month of March, $12,704.80, making a total of $22,057.50. Disbursements for the same period were $8,823.83, leaving a balance to April account of $13,233.67.

Five coupons, amounting to $112.50, which had been paid, were burned by the Board.

Bills for current expenses to the amount of $2,189.90; five coupons, amounting to $112.50, and attorneys' fees in the collection of back taxes, to the amount of $424.61, were audited and approved.

The Board then adjourned to meet again to-night at 8 o'clock, at which time other matters incident to the first meeting of the fiscal year will be considered.

FURTHER EVIDENCE FOR CONTESTEE.

In Bellamy-Dockery Contest Will be Heard Monday, April 10th.

Oliver H. Dockery, the contesant, has been served with a notice that additional witnesses for the contestee in the contested Congressional election case will be examined before Notary Fowler in the United States Court room in this city on Monday, April 10th, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M. The forty days for examination of witnesses for the contestee expires April 12th, and at the expiration of that time evidence for the contestant in rebuttal will likely be heard.

The following is a list of the nine witnesses to be examined Monday: Messrs. W. E. Springer, Joseph Jacobi, Matt Bremer, Ed Warren, Thos. McCaleb, R. H. McKoy, Col. J. W. Atkinson, Dr. W. N. Harriss and J. D. Bellamy.

The Blanks Are Here.

Ship's writer W. W. Vick requests the announcement that the blanks to be filled out and signed by members of the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves in application for extra pay as provided by Congress for reserves who served during the Spanish-American war, have arrived and can be found at the Naval Reserves armory.

Will Go to Manila.

Lieut. Harry Bishop, of Battery C, Sixth artillery, at Fort Caswell, left yesterday morning with his wife for Washington, D. C. He expects to start in a few days for the Pacific coast, where he will be joined by the battery from Fort Caswell and sail for Manila. Mrs. Bishop will not accompany him.

WILMINGTON PRESBYTERY ORGANIZED LAST NIGHT.

Opening Sermon by Rev. W. M. Shaw. Rev. J. L. Winecoff Elected Moderator—To-day's Programme.

The Wilmington Presbytery met last night at 8 o'clock with St. Andrew's Church, this city, in semi-annual session, there being a good representation of the churches of the Presbytery, embracing this and several adjacent counties. The opening sermon was delivered by Rev. W. M. Shaw, the retiring moderator. His text was from First Cor. 1st chapter and 23rd verse: "We Preach Christ Crucified." The discourse was attentively heard by the attendant congregation and was carefully prepared and well delivered. Organization of the Presbytery was perfected by the election of Rev. J. L. Winecoff, of Whiteville, moderator, and Dr. Murphy, of Bladen and Mr. C. S. Carr, of Duplin, temporary clerks.

The Presbytery was led in prayer by Rev. A. McFadyen in behalf of Rev. Kenneth McDonald, who is seriously sick.

It was decided that the Presbytery, during the remainder of this session, extending through the remainder of this week, will meet at 9.30 A. M., closing at noon with devotional exercises; re-assemble at 3 P. M., and adjourn at will.

To-night at 8 o'clock, in St. Andrew's Church, Rev. S. H. Chester, D. D., of Nashville, Secretary of Foreign Missions for the General Assembly, will address a general meeting on the subject of China, he having recently travelled extensively through China, Corea and Japan. He is now in the city, the guest of his father-in-law, Mr. Willard, on Sixth street.

At 10:30 o'clock this morning the Ladies' Foreign Mission Society will meet with Mrs. B. F. Hall, president, in the chair. The session will be in the lecture room of St. Andrews Church. Mrs. MacRae, of Fayetteville, who is here the guest of her daughter, Miss Fair Payne, will address the meeting. Routine work of the society will also be acted upon. At 3:30 o'clock Dr. Chester will address the society. All ladies of the city without regard to denomination are cordially invited to attend these meetings and the general public will be welcomed to all sessions of the Presbytery.

A VERY PLEASANT GERMAN.

In Germania Hall Last Night—Led by Mr. Platt Davis—Good Music. Merry Dancers.

Germania Hall was the scene of an especially delightful german last night, the participants being a merry company of belles and beaux of the younger set, who danced right merrily from 9 o'clock until past midnight in time to excellent music by a string band. The dancers were led through a series of pretty and in many instances difficult figures by Mr. Platt Davis, with Miss Mary Allen Short. Those who participated in the german were:

Mr. Pierre Holmes with Miss Julia Harrison; Mr. Harry West with Miss Rena Johnson; Mr. George Catlett with Miss Margarette Bridgers; Mr. Julien Southerland with Miss Janie Williams; Mr. C. G. Southerland with Miss Mildred Davis; Mr. Harry Smallbones with Miss Emma Northrop; Mr. Sam Potts with Miss Haywood, of Raleigh; Mr. Joe Smith with Miss Blanche Chadbourn; Mr. Willie Smith with Miss Bessie Gore; Mr. Paul Cantwell with Miss Leonora Cantwell; Mr. Platt Davis with Miss Mary Allen Short; Mr. Tom Meares with Miss Ida Brown; Mr. Richard Meares with Miss Isabella Belden; Mr. Eugene LeGrand with Miss Bulah Armstrong; Mr. Eugene Wiggins with Miss Annie K. Harper; Mr. Willie James with Miss Beth Daggett; Mr. Joseph Armstrong with Miss Louise Bellamy; Mr. Zach Bell with Miss May Belle Sneed; Mr. Ed Bailey with Miss Lucy Bridgers; Mr. Hargrove Taylor with Miss Lillie Gilchrist. Mr. Richard Bradley stag.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT THIS MORNING.

Hose Reel No. 1 Wrecked—The Horse and Driver Injured.

An accident occurred while responding to the alarm of fire this morning about 2:30 o'clock, which resulted in the complete wreck of hose reel No. 1, the serious injury of the hose reel horse "Dick Jones," and also in a right severe injury to the driver, Ed Haar. The driver was injured in jumping from the reel, when at 7th and Market streets, one of the side springs broke causing the seat to careen to one side. His knees were badly sprained. A few minutes later in attempting to take the hose from the reel at the corner of Tenth and Market, the horse was left alone for a moment and started off in a run. He was stopped at the corner of Market and Twelfth streets, but not until he ran the reel into a deep gutter and in some way seriously cut the fetlock of his right leg and sustained other serious injuries.

The fire alarm was from box 51, corner of Seventh and Nun, and 54, corner Twelfth and Market, the department going first to 51, and thereby being greatly delayed in reaching the fire.

Three cottages on South Twelfth street, owned and occupied by negroes were burned. They were owned and occupied respectively by Huntley Mitchell, Stephen Williams and Tom Fair. The loss is about $500.

ATLANTIC YACHT CLUB.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders—Officers Were Elected—Reports and Recommendations.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Yacht Club was held last night in the Mayor's office, municipal building. There was a large attendance and much enthusiasm was manifested so that indications are that a season of unusual gaiety and success may well be anticipated at their clubhouse on Wrightsville Beach.

Mr. A. H. Brenner was made temporary chairman and Mr. C. W. Yarborough temporary secretary. Mr. James F. Post, Jr., the retiring president, read an interesting report reviewing the work of the past year and making recommendations for the great success of future seasons.

The report showed that on May 5th of last year the name of the club was changed from "Clarendon Yacht Club" to "Atlantic Yacht Club"; that the club house was opened for the season May 14th, with a formal opening on June 3d, continuing open until October 1st; that 3,750 visits were paid the club house by members and 757 visitors registered; that the membership in 1898 was 136, and 17 new members were elected, making the present membership 180; about $100 was raised by the Entertainment Committee and judiciously expended, as evidenced by numerous delightful musicals; the club's indebtedness was reduced from $625 to $400.

The following recommendations were made:

That connection be made with the water works and that water be put in the ladies' dressing room and both rooms; that if the necessary funds can be raised that repairs be made on the gangways and a floor be laid between the gentlemen's and ladies' dressing rooms and that a nursery be built for children.

The report concluded with the following:

"I desire to thank the executive committee, officers and members, for the generous support which they have given me in managing the affairs of the club, and personally I shall do all I can to aid the management in making the club a success whether from an official or individual standpoint."

The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mr. James F. Post, Jr.

Vice President—Mr. W. A. Dick.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mr. R. D. Cronly.

Executive Committee—Mr. A. H. Brenner, Mr. I. N. Morgan and Mr. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., 2nd.

A resolution was adopted providing that the initiation fee be raised from $10 to $20 after May 20th.

THE DAMAGE TO TRUCK.

The Cold Wave Will Delay Early Shipments and Probably Destroy Some Crops—Weather Conditions.

It is the general opinion among truckers that very serious damage is being done to early truck and berries by the recent cold, the season of the year considered, which prevails throughout this section. However, it is impossible to form any sort of an accurate estimate of the damage at present. It is probable that only the truck and berries not protected by covering will be seriously damaged. News from neighboring towns indicate, that this immediate vicinity is escaping very much more lightly than some other trucking localities.

R. G. Grady, Esq., came down from Burgaw and says there is snow and ice at that place. Captain S. A. Johnson, of Warsaw, was also a visitor here yesterday and says snow was falling and there was a slight sleet when he left home, increasing further north, good falls of snow having been reported from Goldsboro and Fremont.

Capt. W. E. Kyle, Capt. J. W. Fry and Mr. H. L. Fry of the A. and Y. road come down from Greensboro yesterday. They say there were several inches of snow in Winston and Greensboro yesterday morning and it was still falling. They travelled in snow within about four miles of Fayetteville. There was a slight fall of snow in that town but it did not stick.

The Play Last Night.

The Eunice Goodrich Company presented "Bobolink" last night at the Opera House, to a fair sized audience, Miss Eunice Goodrich interpreting the leading role, *Bobolink*. The support was good and the play was heartily received by those in attendance. The usual excellent specialties were given between acts. There were beautiful veriscope views, little Theodore appeared in catchy character songs; Mr. Lew J. Welsh in original monologue and songs and Miss Eunice Goodrich gave her wonderful serpentine dance.

At the matinee to-day the popular play "Phylis" will be presented. The doors will be open at 2:30 o'clock and the programme will commence at 3 o'clock. To-night they will conclude their engagement in this city by presenting "Wanted a Husband."

Department Smallpox Expert.

Dr. C. P. Wertenbaker, surgeon in charge of the U. S. Marine Hospital, received orders yesterday to report at headquarters in Washington, D. C., to act as smallpox expert for the department. Dr. Wertenbaker expects to go with his family to Washington within the next week and Dr. Burbank will be physician in charge of the hospital during his absence, which will probably not be more than a month or six weeks, the change being only temporary.

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Two and a Half Inches of Snow Fell During Yesterday in the City.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

Democratic Primaries—A Drunken Man Shot and Killed—Suits Against the Water Works Company—Gov. Russell—Insane Asylum.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 4.

The Secretary of State this morning incorporated the Parkdale Mining Company, of Murphy, Cherokee county. Its capital stock is $25,000, with privilege of increasing to $1,000,000, and the incorporators are Edward S. Jacques, Ernst Pfarrins and Robert Galusha. The business proposed is the "mining of gold and other minerals; the owning, using and working of mining and timber lands; the purchasing and treating of ores and minerals."

Articles of incorporation of the Farmers' Tobacco Warehouse Company, of Whiteville, Columbus county, were to-day also filed. The capital stock is $1,000. The incorporators are Joshua Smith, C. Watkins, J. D. Maultsby, A. F. Powell, J. P. Williams, Lee Forney Duval, D. J. Lewis, V. V. Richardson, R. A. Rockwell, J. F. Dunn, R. H. Powell, M. G. Lewis, J. R. Williamson, E. W. Fuhr, J. B. Schulken, J. A. Baldwin, John C. Powell and H. C. Moffitt.

The Insane Asylum.

The directors of the Raleigh Insane Asylum meet here to-morrow (Wednesday) afternoon. It is the regular annual meeting. In addition to the regular routine business, they will elect a steward and a matron, and make some provision for the criminal insane, for which the Legislature failed to make appropriation.

The Weather Bureau will begin next week issuing the regular weekly crop bulletins, The first one for the season will be issued next Tuesday.

Governor Russell this morning returned from Washington.

Secretary of State Thompson this morning paid over to the State $5,000, accumulated land grant fund, as provided in an act passed by the last Legislature.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Intoxicated Man Shot and Killed.

Last night, about midnight, the family of G. W. Heffner was awakened by the rattling of the blinds on the front of the house. Mr. Heffner was hastily summoned from another room, and pistol in hand, went to the front door, on which some one was beating, as if trying to enter. Mr. Heffner asked who was there, but receiving no answer opened the door. The hall was dark and some one attempted seemingly to push by him. Immediately he fired, the bullet striking the intruder in the region of the heart The wounded man, who was in an intoxicated condition, was taken to the residence of Mr. John C. Wooten, near by, and physicians were summoned. He proved to be Mr. Council Joiner, a well known citizen of La Grange, and though all was done for him that friends and physicians could do, he died this morning about ten o'clock. It seems that he was seeking the home of Mr. Wooten when he knocked, but had missed it. The coroner's jury exonerated Mr. Heffner, for whom, as well as for the decedent's family much sympathy is felt.

A Snow Storm.

Snow fell last night and has been falling all day. A freeze is anticipated to-night and if it comes much damage will be done to truck crops.

Two and half inches of snow fell here to-day. It began at 4 o'clock this morning and quit at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The thermometer has ranged between 32 and 34 all day. The snowfall is the heaviest ever known here in April.

Maj. Davis, U. S. army officer on duty here to-day, received a telegram from the War Department ordering him to report for duty in Porto Rico immediately. He says he cannot do so before the 15th inst. The Governor will use his influence to have his order revoked.

Two suits were to-day brought against the Raleigh Water Company for damages by water containing sulphuric acid furnished during the past month. The company has made no deduction for bad water in bills sent out for the quarter ending April first. Payment of them will be resisted.

Another bad error was to-day discovered in the revenue act. It prohibits the sale of liquor by a dispensary except upon a physician's prescription. As it is a manifest mistake, it will hardly be regarded by officials or by courts.

The Supreme Court.

Opinions were handed down by the Supreme Court to-day as follows: Brafford vs. Reed, from Cabarrus, docketed and continued, Manufacturing Company vs. Gray, from Craven, new trial. Gorrell vs. Water Co., from Guilford, no error. Moore vs. Railroad, from Duplin, new trial. Tedder vs. Railroad, from Columbus, error. Bank vs. Nimocks, from Cumberland, affirmed. LeDuc vs. Slocum, from Cumberland, affirmed. Kendrick vs. Insurance Company, from Mecklenburg, no error.

Cases from the Ninth district were argued as follows: State vs. Knott, argued by Brown Shepard for the Attorney General for the State; Moore and Sapp, by brief, for defendant. Dula vs. Tugman, dismissed for failure to prosecute the appeal. Hodgin vs. Bank, argued by Holton and Alexander, Shepard and Busbee, (and Chas. Price and E. E. Gray by brief,) for plaintiff; Watson, Buxton and Watson, Jones and Patterson, A. H. Eller and Glenn and Mandy for defendant; Keith vs. Scales, argued by Watson, Buxton and Watson, Jones and Patterson, and W. R. Whitson for the plaintiff; Holton and Alexander and A. E. Eller for defendant. The case of the National Bank vs. Riggins will be argued this morning by Watson, Buxton and Watson and Jones & Patterson for plaintiff.

Merrimon vs. Lyman, from Buncombe, submitted on printed brief by Merrimon and Merrimon and W. B. Gwyn for plaintiff; Davidson and Jones and Shepnerd and Busbee for defendant.

Kornegay vs. Morris, from Wayne, submitted on printed brief by Allen and Dortch for plaintiff; Aycock and Daniels for defendant.

Cases will be called on next Tuesday, April 11th, as follows: State vs. Kale; State vs. Beard; Brackett vs. Gilliam; Cowles vs. Council; Winebarger vs. Laney.

Democratic Primaries.

Democratic city primaries were held to night. For Mayor, A. M. Powell, present incumbent, received a majority of the votes cast and will be the nominee. Other candidates voted for were Joseph E. Pogue and M. T. Leach. City Clerk H. T. Smith and Tax Collector Chas. F. Lumsden had no opposition.

U. S. CRUISER RALEIGH.

Acting Secretary Allen Says It is Not Practicable for the Warship to Visit Southport.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

SOUTHPORT, N. C., April 4.—The following letter in regard to the U. S. cruiser *Raleigh's* proposed visit here has been received by Mayor Gordon and explains itself:

"*Washington, D. C., March 30.*—To E. F. Gordon, Mayor, Southport, N. C.—Sir.—In reply to your letter of the 27th instant, the Department regrets to inform you that it will not be practicable for the cruiser *Raleigh* to visit Southport or the waters of that vicinity for the presentation of the trophy, captured at Manila.

"Very respectfully,
"CHAS. H. ALLEN, Acting Sec'y."

Hanover Seaside Club.

The first annual meeting of Hanover Seaside Club was held last night in Adrian Hall and was followed by a dance which continued from 9 until 2 o'clock, supper being served by Mr. and Mrs. Fick about midnight. The following officers were elected by the club for the ensuing year:

President—Mr. C. F. Von Kampen.

Vice President—Mr. Geo. Tienken.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mr. J. G. L. Gieschen.

Executive Committee—Mr. H. Burtifent, Mr. H. Duls and Mr. M. W. Jacobi.

The Merchants' Association.

The officers of the Merchants' Association are very anxious for a full attendance upon their semi-annual meeting of members, to be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the association's apartments in the Seaboard Air Line building. It is given out that there will be matters of very much importance brought up for consideration.

Funeral of Fred J. Heines.

The funeral of the late Mr. Frederick J. Heines, whose death occurred of consumption on Monday, was held from St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock the pastor, Rev. A. G. Voigt, officiating. The remains were interred at Oakdale cemetery, where a number of friends of the deceased and family were in attendance.

DIED.

CORBETT—On the 17th inst., at Deerpark, Lismore, JOHN, youngest son of the late John Corcett, R. I. P.—*Cork Examiner*, March 23, 1899.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEE THE Special Bargains AT JOHNSON'S THIS WEEK.

EVERY DAY New Ones Will Be Offered.

No. 111 Market Street
ma 19 tf

Smoking Hot.

ALL THE DRUGGISTS SELL Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE HOTELS SELL Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE GROCERS SELL Cuban Blossom Cigars.
ALL THE SALOONS SELL Cuban Blossom Cigars.
EVERYBODY TELLS YOU THEY SMOKE Cuban Blossom Cigars.
A "testing of the pudding is chewing the bag." SO SMOKE Cuban Blossom Cigars.
A strictly "Gentleman's Smoke." Try 'em.
VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
apr 2 tf Sole Distributing Agents.

The Murchison National Bank.
Capital $200,000.
H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
This Bank offers to the business public unsurpassed facilities in every department. Accuracy, Safety and polite attention guaranteed.
Foreign Exchange bought and sold.
DIRECTORS:
J. C. STEVENSON, T. M. EMERSON,
A. B. NICHOLS, A. S. WILLIAMS,
K. M. MURCHISON, J. A. SPRINGER,
M. J. CORBETT, W. G. WHITEHEAD,
B. W. WALLACE, FRED KIDDER,
N. B. RANKIN, N. JACOBI,
W. H. SPRUNT.
ma 19 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
EUNICE GOODRICH
AND HER CLEVER COMPANY.
LAST TWO PERFORMANCES.
TO-DAY, 3 P. M.,
"PHYLIS."
TO-NIGHT, 8.15 O'CLOCK,
"WANTED A HUSBAND."
apr 5 1t

Few days Only at the Unlucky Corner
BEST ROASTED LAGUYRA COFFEE 19c per pound.
FOUR CAKES NICE TOILET SOAP For 15c.
Either or both to one customer, but quantity limited. So hurry if you want to GET THERE.
FRESH GINGER SNAPS 5c per pound.
S. W. SANDERS.
apr 1 tf

Still Sold On Its Merits.
One Hundred and Eighty Quarts of FARRISS' PURE ICE CREAM sold and delivered Easter.
No Custard.
PALACE BAKERY.
apr 4 tf

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.
We have just received a large and select stock, which we offer to the trade at close figures: Flour, Salt, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, Bacon, Lard, Soaps, Meal, Rice, Bagging, Ties, Nails, Oysters, Peaches, Cakes, Cheese, Corn Beef, Baking Powders, Teas, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Tomatoes, etc. In fact,
Everything kept in a First-class Grocery Store.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
WILLIAMS BROS.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.
fe 18 tf

HOOP IRON.
350 BUNDLES HOOP IRON.
50 BARRELS GLUE.
10 BARRELS BUNGS.
25 BALES BATTING.
100 BUNDLES RIVETS.
475 BALES HAY.
720 BUSHELS MEAL.
940 BUSHELS CORN.
430 BUSHELS OATS.
140 BAGS COFFEE.
100 BOXES QUININE.
75 BOXES PEPPER.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
apr 2 tf Wilmington, N. C

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved
ma 19 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5.

BUYING FILIPINOS.

A Washington dispatch, a few days ago, speaking about the progress of the military campaign in Luzon, intimated that in the event the Filipinos continued to wage a guerrilla warfare, instead of following them up with our soldiers, natives could be enlisted to fight natives. It is thought it would not be difficult to recruit natives, as the pay of the American soldier would become an almost irresistible temptation to the average native of these islands who sees and handles so little money. Perhaps this is so, and that for such pay natives might be found who would fight natives. Whether they could be found among the tribes on Luzon or not, they might be found on some of the other islands, for there is a very great difference between the peoples who inhabit these islands, some of them having little in common with others, and some of them having a strong antipathy to others. They are of mixed races and some of entirely different races, amongst whom there has been no blending and very little trade or other intercourse.

The most advanced, intelligent and capable people of the entire group inhabit Luzon, which is the largest of the lot, and contains nearly half the population of the islands, but even on this island there are several tribes, some of which are not particularly fond of the others. This is a fact worth noting. Each of these tribes has its leader or big man to whom they look up, and whom they obey much more readily than they do Aguinaldo, who is supposed to be the biggest cock in the walk. This is another fact worth noting.

These people are bound together now and are making common cause against the Americans not because they are naturally drawn together, but because they look upon the Americans as interlopers, invaders, ravagers of their country, who are making war upon them with the intention of subjugating and enslaving them. They fought against Spain, made common cause then, and they are with the same motive fighting the Americans and making common cause against us. There is said to be much rivalry and jealousies among their leaders, some who have been trying to supplant Aguinaldo and others who were opposed to beginning hostilities against the Americans, and, are now in favor of settling the trouble if the opportunity were presented to them. They are in the ranks of the fighters simply because circumstances put them there. It is said that even Aguinaldo would seize the opportunity to come to terms if the terms were not such as would be humiliating to him and to those who look to him as their leader.

If there be any foundation for this Washington dispatch about enlisting natives to fight natives, and there probably is, (for this administration has been taking its cue from British modes of procedure in several respect, since this expansion business began) why not enlist the big, influential fellows instead of the common chaps who are willing to shoot and be shot at for a ten or twelve dollars a month? It might cost more to buy them but if we are going into the buying business why not buy game worth having? Hiring natives to fight natives in a guerrilla warfare is nothing more nor less than buying these natives. Why, then, not go about the buying in a more businesslike way and buy the chaps who can put a stop to the guerilla warfare and put an end to the whole racket? That would be strategy compared with which this buying of barefooted, sun-scorched natives couldn't hold a candle.

Overly-scrupulous people might not approve this kind of buying or bribing, but "all is fair in war," and besides that there isn't any morality in this business and if there were it is about as correct a thing, and much more business-like, to buy a big fellow who can control the little fellows as it is to buy the little fellows to shoot other little fellows who pop at our fellows from the bushes and the jungle.

But, seriously, this is a matter of business, and there is an opportunity for our commissioners over there to get in some work if they take advantage of the conditions, of the recent object lessons the Filipino fighters have had presented to them, and utilize the differences between the tribes which are confronting us and the jealousies and the rivalries and the differences of opinion that are known to exist among their leaders.

Mr. Edward C. Andre, the Belgian Consul at Manila, has recently written a paper giving sketches of the leading Filipinos, who are in this movement against the United States. He tells of their characteristics, their standing, their ambitions and their influence. He mentions a number of those who are less radical than others he names, and says:

"They are not bad men, and they show good sentiments and a desire to accomplish a peaceful solution of the present troubles on the island. If their counsel could prevail the American Government would soon find a method to conciliate the insurgents and induce them to return to the arts and industries of peace."

What these "methods" are he did not state, but they are probably some of the same methods that were brought to bear on the Cuban Generals Garcia and Gomez, who for some time stood aloof, but finally came to time. Perhaps the Belgian Consul was too polite to suggest the method which he doubtless concluded would suggest itself to the shrewd, business-like American, when he came to talk business, if affairs took that turn.

Frank D. Millet, a special correspondent of *Harper's Weekly*, who has also been writing about the Filipino leaders, is not so polite as Consul Andre, and bluntly gives what he considers the shortest way to end the racket and the most effective "method." Speaking of the fighting qualities and the endurance of the Filipinos he concludes thus:

"If we have to carry on a campaign against them, it will be found that they are a most harassing and difficult enemy in all the arts of uncivilized warfare—much the same as the North American Indians. They are able to march long distances without apparent fatigue, and the hardships of a campaign have no terrors for them, because they do not materially change their usual mode of life. They exist on rations that would not keep a European alive, at the most a handful or two of boiled rice at a meal, sometimes enriched by the addition of mudfish or by frogs, both of which articles of native diet are abundnat in the paddy fields. One peculiarity I have often observed among the insurgent troops—they never seem to be thirsty. They carry no water-bottles, and in the hot weather apparently do not suffer from the incontrollable desire to drink, which proves so often disastrous to the health of a European. But a campaign against the natives is not a necessity. The simplest way of settling matters, if they do not settle themselves in a short time, is to buy the leaders off. It has been done before at a time when they had everything their own way. Now they have against them a vigorous and effective army and a powerful fleet, and the price would be lower, no doubt, and the bargain would be easily consummated."

If there is any buying to be done we think this correspondent has struck the right key and the right thing to be bought. This would be money much better invested than in powder and shot, and it might save a good many lives, too.

NO MUSTER ROLL, NO CASH,

A Washington dispatch announces that it has been decided that unless the so-called Cuban Assembly turn the muster roll of the Cuban army over to Gen. Brooke without further dallying the $3,000,000 advanced by this Government, on the arrangement with Gen. Gomez, will be sent back to this country, and furthermore that it is in contemplation to cut off the rations which this Government has been issuing to Cuban soldiers.

This will probably bring the Assembly to taw, but whether it does or not, it is right. There has been entirely too much fooling about this Cuban army business. The Cuban soldiers, encouraged by their officers, got the idea into their heads that this Government was under some obligation to them, would have to pay them off before they disbanded, and feed them until they did.

It has been feeding a good many of them, and when it became understood that money was to be advanced to pay them it suddenly developed that the scarcely visible army had grown to about forty thousand, and when it was discovered that this Government couldn't be struck for more than $3,000,000 the forty thousand as suddenly dwindled to about thirteen thousand. As the matter stands it looks as if the Cuban Assembly was trying to bunco our Uncle Samuel out of a big pile of money. It is pretty clear that no money can be properly distributed until an official muster roll be forthcoming, and about the best thing that Assembly can do is to turn it over promptly and then dissolve itself. It is playing a farce.

There are some men who show no disposition to encourage economy by their wives. Here comes a New Jersey man who wants a divorce because his wife persisted in putting chunks of rubber in his hash and thus utilizing his old rubber shoes.

LOOKING FOR TROUBLE.

Some time ago we quoted from the *American Wool and Cotton Reporter* an article predicting a financial crash as a result of the Trust craze which is sweeping over the country. We have also quoted from others who hold similar views, and every one of them, as far as we know, Republicans. *The United States Investor*, a financial journal, published in Boston, takes a most gloomy view of the outlook and attributes it all to the expansion and Trust manias, the twin evils and progenitors of disaster. Here is its horoscope:

"The outlook is distressing. We have gone on supremely unconscious of what we are doing, until we have evolved a state of affairs from which escape is impossible without great hardship. An enormous number of waterlogged business concerns, known as trusts, have been set afloat; in the smash that is bound to come the certificates of these organizations will sell at their real value, which means an appalling loss to investors. The end will be hastened by a diminution in the consumptive power of the country, due to the dislocation of a great horde of employes whom the trusts have ejected from positions previously occupied. We cannot imagine a worse state of affairs."

There is nothing very cheering in that, but the imperialists and Trust boomers will probably call the writer of it a dyspeptic pessimist. Perhaps he may be, but there are others, and a good many of them, who share his views, although they may not phrase their views in the gloomy style he does. There is surely wreck ahead unless a halt be called on this expansion and Trust business.

IT SEEMS A PITY.

In commenting upon the recent sale of 80,000 acres of State swamp lands, the Charlotte *Observer* remarks as follows:

"The sale of 80,000 acres of swamp lands in Eastern North Carolina by the syndicate of Charlotte option-holders, reported in yesterday's *Observer*, was generally regarded as a big deal, but it is not so very big, after all. It represents only a very small part of the holdings of the Charlotte swamp merchants. They have about 500,000 acres which they are still holding by a string. It seems a pity to see good North Carolina forest land going at $1 an acre, but if any money is to be made out of it we are glad to have it come to Charlotte parties."

"It seems a pity" to sell well timbered land for a dollar an acre, and some people may think it is a piece of shameful stupidity. But large tracts of timbered swamp lands owned by the State have been sold at a lower figure than that, from 12½ to 25 cents an acre, and nobody seemed to think that the gentlemen who made the deals for the State had been buncoed.

But there is still a lot more on hand, about 500,000 acres, and a chance for some one with a little cash to take in some broad stretches of virgin forest. In as much as the State is not bankrupt nor compelled to sell these lands—if this be called selling—and in as much as the State has an abundance of convict labor that might be profitably employed on these swamp lands, we fail to see where the business comes in in these transactions.

BOOK NOTICES.

The reader of foreign literature will find *The Eclectic Magazine* for April an interesting and instructive number, containing twenty-five selections from leading European publications, with much original and contributed matter. Published by E. R. Pelton, New York.

The Bookman for April presents a list of contents which the literary reader will enjoy. In "Chronicle and Comment" are presented sketches of a number of celebrities in literature and art, in addition to which there is much other valuable and interesting matter. Published by Dodd, Meade & Co., Fifth Avenue and Twenty-first street, New York.

The Century Magazine for April is superb, as usual, and filled with a choice list of reading matter, varied, and as entertaining as it is varied. Among others are two papers one on "The Atlantic Fleet in the Spanish War," by Rear Admiral Sampson; the other on "The Capture of Manila," by Gen. Francis V. Greene. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The April number of The *Review of Reviews* is full of solid reading matter on current topics of interest in this and in other countries. A large amount of information about persons, things and events is compressed into the two departments, "Record of Current Events" and "Leading Articles of the Month." This number is handsomely illustrated. Published by The Review of Reviews Company, 13 Astor Place, New York.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Mrs. L. R. Mixon died quite suddenly Friday night at her home.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: Wilkes has the champion destroyer of "moonshine" distilleries in the world. He is "Uncle" Abe Bryan. He tells us that he has assisted in cutting up over 2,000 coppers of the "moonshine" brand, and he is still in the business.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: Sunday afternoon the old McKay residence, owned and occupied for many years past by Mr. Green Gibson, caught fire from the roof, caused by a spark from a burning chimney, and in an incredibable short time was reduced to a mass of ashes.

— Lexington *Dispatch*: The Randolph Chair Works, with a capital stock of $6,000 or more, is a new enterprise for Asheboro. The concern will be in operation soon. —— Linwood postoffice was burned Saturday morning about 4 o'clock. The building in which the office was located was occupied by Mr. Irvin Lopp, the postmaster, who carried a small stock of groceries, etc. All the mail, postoffice fixtures, etc., was burned. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin.

— Newbern *Journal:* A man named L. H. Williams, living at Jacksonville, N. C., committed suicide on Sunday, by drowning himself in the mill pond. He has often served at Onslow courts as crier. The reason of his suicide is not known. —— Late Saturday evening, while Wiley Rogers, a young white man about 20 years old was out rabbit hunting near Dover, his gun discharged, the shot enteriag his right lung. Dr. J. D. Duguid went to young Rogers home which is about four miles from Dover, on Sunday and gave him such medical aid as he could, but Rogers died Monday.

— Charlotte *News*: Mr. John B. Kenney, who has just returned from a business trip, reports that Salisbury is much excited over the rich finds of copper, twelve miles from that place. A large number of hands are already employed, getting out the ore, and several companies are said to have been formed to work the mines.—— The wind storms of last week are said to be responsible for the appearance in our midst of a number of strange birds that usually do not inhabit this section. Several woodcock have been caught within the city limits in the past few days. Other birds just as rare have been seen about the city for the past few days.

TWINKLINGS.

— At the Browning Club—Member—"Browning, you know, is like Wagner—" Friend—"I see. At first you don't understand him, but after a while you think you do."—*Puck.*

— "Emeline, you are not happy; what makes you pretend that you are?" "Because artificial happiness is better than none at all."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— The Office Boy (who is reading law)—"A quibble is an objection that isn't worth anything, isn't it, Mr. Briefly?" The Lawyer—"Not at all, James! I have known quibbles that were worth from ten dollars up."—

— Unity in Art: "But," they expostulated, "you have painted the milkmaid on the wrong side of the cow!" "Yes," replied the painter. "Quite so! But kindly observe that I have painted the cow without any joints in her legs! What of it? Why, she can't kick, of course!" It is now well understood that art, while it may be unreal, is not necessarily devoid of unity.—*Detroit Journal.*

— They were talking about the recent fogs, and some one stated that the morning train had stopped every half mile on the way to the city, the fog being so thick that it was impossible to see either of the railway banks. "Oh, that's nothing," said another man, who was of the company. "Down in Lincolnshire the fog is sometimes so thick that the driver has to get out and lead the engine."

— Her Opinion: "Do you think this government ought to drift into a colonial policy?" asked the thin young man with a Prince Albert coat. "Yes, indeed," answered the young woman, vivaciously. "I should think that would be just the thing for the White House. My aunt had a home in the country, and she had nothing but colonial architecture and colonial furniture, and it was too sweetly old fashioned for anything."—*Washington Star.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— With wars, rumors of wars and Algerism turning his hair gray, President McKinley appears to be still hunting trouble. He has announced to his Cabinet that he will soon issue a civil service order placing 6,500 offices at a disposal of Republican spoilsmen.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— When the American navy was fighting Spaniards at Manila, and the American army and navy were doing the same thing at Santiago, there was wildest enthusiasm displayed around the bulletin boards in the streets of all American cities. But there seems to be no thrill of popular joy now as to the news of the fighting in the Philippines comes in.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

—— In order to show how "the fame of our Commissary Department has spread over the world," the New York Evening *Post* quotes from its Berlin correspondent the interesting statement that "the favorite curse upon the streets of that city, in all cases requiring extreme denunciatory violence, is, 'Eagan soll dich verpflegen!' or in English 'May you have Eagan to board you!'" Our German friends have read the cable-news with praise worthy discernment.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

Kindergarten Colors.

As usual, his mother asked him what he had learned at school that day.

"We learned about the kindergarten colors," he answered.

"The what?" she demanded.

"The kindergarten colors," he repeated.

"What in the world are the kindergarten colors?" she asked.

"Ho! Don't you know that?" he returned scornfully. "Why, orange, green, blue"—

"Oh, you mean the primary colors!" she exclaimed.

"What's the difference?" he inquired.—Chicago Post.

Hats Were Once a Luxury.

In the reign of Elizabeth the wearing of hats was considered a sign of luxury. By an act of parliament every person above the age of 7 years and under a certain degree was obliged on Sundays and holidays to wear a woolen cap made in England and finished by some of the fraternity of cappers.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SIGNALS IN THE NAVY

FOUR METHODS COMMONLY USED ON OUR WAR VESSELS.

All These Are Founded on the Morse Telegraphic Code—Good Eyesight, Intelligence and Application Necessary to Become a Signalman.

"Now, sonny, if I make two drops to port and three to starboard, followed by a dash, what do you make it?" asked a grizzled signalman from one of the battleships the other day as he sat down on an upturned soap box in the Brooklyn navy yard preparatory to instructing one of the ship's messenger boys in the secrets of his craft.

"I'm sure I don't know, Mr. Mokes," rejoined the pupil humbly. "I ain't never fooled around them things afore."

"I know it, my boy," said his mentor, "but there is only one way to get on to this here business, and that's to begin reading right off."

The signalman accordingly bade the boy seat himself on another box about 20 feet away and, taking one of the regulation wigwag flags in his own hands, signaled the alphabet over and over, the boy naming the letters in regular succession as the signalman made them. Within a week one who had been an interested spectator of the first day's progress was surprised to see the student of the signal code corresponding with another member of the corps, apparently with all the ease of the oldest signalman in the fleet.

The aspiring messenger's education was far from complete, however, as before he could hope to enter the regular corps he must familiarize himself with all the other codes used as a basis of communication between warships at sea.

To a bright boy who has proper instruction the mastery of the intricate signs of the code alphabet is far simpler than would be at first supposed. The method of instruction adopted in the case of the boy just cited is that usually employed by the signalmen in breaking in new members of the corps.

A certain number of the messenger boys on a warship are selected as possessing the qualities which go to make up a good signalman—namely, good eyesight, intelligence and application. The education of these boys begins at once under one of the experienced signalmen, usually a veteran who has had previous experience in training boys for this special work. He forms his pupils into classes according to their watches, and from that time on the minds of the prospective signalmen are filled, sleeping or waking, with dots, dashes and ducks. All day long while the light lasts the boys may be seen in pairs about the ship talking to one another in waves and ducks. When the regulation flag cannot be obtained, a handkerchief fixed to the end of a stick of wood or a grate bar serves the same purpose.

Irrespective of the international code, there are four kinds of signals on board a warship, all variations of the Morse telegraphic code. The wigwag signals are made by substituting certain waves of the flag for dots and dashes on a telegraphic sounder. In night signaling the Morse code is interpreted by red and white lanterns placed above the other and operated by an electric key on the bridge, two red lights and one white light standing for two dots and a dash on the sounder.

Another means of communication which exactly resembles the electric telegraph in its method of operation is by the use of the steam siren. In the charthouse and conning tower on every warship an electric clock is situated, which has several functions. It can be adjusted to the steam whistle on a foggy day so as to blow a blast at certain intervals, or it may be used to indicate the proper intervals when firing saluting guns. Attached to this electric clock is a regular telegraphic key by which the Morse code may be delivered by the steam whistle.

This method of communication is only used, however, in very foggy weather, when it is impossible to make out the other signals, as it not only wastes a great deal of steam and increases the coal consumption, but makes a most appalling din when any number of ships are engaged in conversation at the same time.

The position of a signal boy is one of considerable responsibility, as all formation and sailing orders from the flagship are transmitted to the fleet when at sea through his agency. A mistake in reading a signal might cause very serious complications. Great care is therefore taken in selecting the members of the corps, and only the services of boys who have proved themselves thorough masters of the different codes are accepted. Even among the most skillful signalmen mistakes occasionally occur, though the many precautions taken to insure accuracy reduce the liability to error to a minimum.

A signal boy on the battleship Texas was returned to the messenger service simply because he misspelled a word. The wigwag boy on the flagship called up the Texas one morning as the fleet lay at anchor off Tompkinsville. After an exchange of wags the signal boy on the Texas went to the officer of the deck on his ship and informed him that the passed assistant engineer was requested to proceed to the Cyrus to serve on a board of special survey. The passed assistant engineer had just come off watch, having been up all night, and he said things about boards of survey. He consulted with the other officers of the ship and learned that the Cyrus was a small converted tugboat lying in the Brooklyn navy yard. The orders called upon the board to assemble at 10 o'clock, and as it was then 9:30 o'clock, the engineer realized that he had no time to lose. Jumping into his shore clothes the officer hired a boat and made the best possible time to the railroad station, where he suffered the annoyance of seeing the train pull out just as he reached the platform. It was a boiling hot day, and the engineer fretted and fumed, to no purpose, over the delay. When he eventually reached the navy yard, he learned that no board of survey had been appointed to meet on the Cyrus, and he accordingly made the best of his way back to his ship. On the way home he met a brother officer who said:

"Hello, old man! Why weren't you on hand to take your place on the survey board of the Cygnus?"

"Cygnus!" gasped the other. "Why, I was told to report on the Cyrus."

The remainder of the engineer's journey was spent in considering the worst possible penalty that could be meted out to the signal boy who had caused him to take such a trip on an August day, when the ship to which he had been ordered lay within 300 feet of his own vessel.—New York Sun.

Sweden has now 12,056,246 acres of forest lands owned by the state, an increase in the state's holdings in 18 years of 3,360,979 acres.

APPOINTMENTS

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

April 5, Wednesday, Com., S. Matthew's, Maxton.

April 5, Wednesday, E. P., Red Springs.

April 9, Sunday 1st after Easter, M. P., Christ Church, Rockfish.

April 9, Sunday 1st after Easter, E. P., S. Andrew's, Flea Hill.

April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, M. P., Christ Church.

April 16, Sunday 2nd after Easter, E. P., S. Cyprian's, Newbern.

April 17, Monday, S. Thomas', Craven Co.

April 18, Tuesday, S. Paul's, Vanceboro.

April 19, Wednesday, E. P., Stonewall.

April 20, Thursday, Com., Stonewall.

April 21, Friday, Grace Church, Trenton.

April 25, Sunday 3rd after Easter, M. P., S. John's, Wilmington.

April 23, Sunday 3rd after Easter, E. P., Good Shepherd, Wilmington.

April 30, Sunday 4th after Easter, M. P., S. James', Wilmington.

May 7, Sunday 5th after Easter, Lake Waccamaw.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FARRAGUT'S BOBTAILED NAG.

Bullseye Hit by a Connecticut Bandmaster In a Review In 1864.

In the spring of 1864, when General Banks was in command at New Orleans, three brigades were encamped at Baton Rouge, and the raw recruits were getting into trim for the following campaign, and incidentally becoming familiar with army tactics. Finally a review was ordered, and Admiral Farragut was to be the guest of the occasion. With so distinguished a visitor, the bandmaster of each regiment strove to have a better programme than any other. Besides the regular stock music, "Star Spangled Banner," "Red, White and Blue," "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie," the band of the Twenty-fourth Connecticut had a dozen of the catchy airs of the day, and the leader took pride in calling for anything he wanted without notice and was sure that it would be well played.

For the occasion General Banks and his staff were handsomely dressed and superbly mounted. General Grover and the other general officers, each with his staff, were also equipped in style. The uniforms of Admiral Farragut and his staff were resplendent, but their mounts were such as could be secured on short notice and were not only poor in flesh, but also lacked drill. A large white horse was furnished to the naval chief. It was bony and minus a large part of its tail, the remainder of which was nervously kept in constant motion.

The bugle sounded and the column passed, marching in splendid form to the music of the various bands, each doing its best. Of course the marching men could not see what kind of horses had been provided for the guests, and as the Twenty-fourth Connecticut approached the bandmaster gave a peculiar sign and the band struck merrily into "I bet my money on the bob tailed nag, duda, duda day." Generals Banks and Grover were chagrined and were about to order a change of music when they observed that the admiral was laughing heartily, and with hat in hand was bowing low to the men from the Nutmeg State. He appeared to take it as a compliment from the regiment to him on his recent passage of New Orleans and probably as a prophecy of his future achievements, and was enjoying it thoroughly.

The generals were relieved and what at first seemed an awkward predicament proved to be one of the funniest incidents of the day. A Yankee's whim to play something different from his rivals at an inopportune moment and a badly used up coach horse made a combination that Farragut often referred to as a good joke on himself.—New York Sun.

The Humorous Bicycle Repairer.

Reuben Rakestraw—Well, look there! There's a sign that says "Bicycle Asylum." What can that be for?

Roxana Rakestraw—Oh! Why, that must be for folks that have this here bicycle craze that we've been readin about.—Brooklyn Life.

Babies Thrive On It.

Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk.

LITTLE BOOK "INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE, Should be in Every House.

N.Y. CONDENSED MILK CO. NEW YORK.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½@	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12	@	15
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	53
Virginia Meal	52	@	53
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½@	@	11¼
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½@	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	10
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	3 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔		@	8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6¼
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	50	@	75
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	75
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾@	@	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE ℔ ℔	10	@	22½
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Sawn	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	11 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Common Mill		@	6 50
Inferior to ordinary	4 50	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed	3 00	@	4 00
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	13

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 4

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per barrel for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.40 for Dip, and $2.40 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½@26c; rosin firm at $1.20, $1.25; tar quiet, 90 cents; crude turpentine, nothing doing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	16
Rosin	401
Tar	426
Crude Turpentine	33

Receipts same day last year.—16 casks spirits turpentine, 304 bbls rosin, 123 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Nothing doing.

Receipts—25 bales; same day last year, 227.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70. Virginia—Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm; 45 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 9 to 10c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, April 4.—Money on call was firm at 5@6 per cent., the last loan being at 6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@486½ for demand and 484¼@484½ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@485½ and 487@487½. Commercial bills 483@483½. Silver certificates 60@60½. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds firm: U. S. 3's, 107½; U. S. new 4's, registered, 129¾@129¾; do coupon, 129¾@129¾; U. S. 4's 112¼@112¾; do. coupon, 113@114; do. 2's 99½; U. S. 5's, registered, 113¾; do. 5's, coupon, 113¾; N. C. 6's 130; do. 4's, 108; Southern Railway 5's 108½. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 72; Chesapeake & Ohio 27½; Manhattan L 126¼; N. Y. Central 140¾; Reading 24½; do 1st preferred 66¼; St. Paul 127¾; do. preferred 171; Southern Railway 12⅝; do. preferred 51; American Tobacco 226¼; do. preferred 142; People's Gas 127½; Sugar 166¾; do. preferred 116; T. C. & Iron 59⅞; U. S. Leather 7½; do. preferred 76¼; Western Union 94½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine steady.

CHARLESTON, April 4.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 39c; no sales. Rosin steady and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, April 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 39c; sales 358 casks; receipts 824 casks. Rosin firm; sales 8,356 barrels; receipts 4 263 barrels; A, B, C, D $1 05, E $1.15, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 40, I $1 50, K $1 60, M $1 85, N $2 00, window glass $2 35, water white $2 60.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The market for cotton futures made a steady start to-day, but later turned weak under a renewal of the liquidation which sent prices lower yesterday. The bear element hammered the present crop positions quite freely on the break, basing their views on the continued liberal crop movement and forecasts for better weather in the belt generally. The opening was at unchanged prices to one point advance with business for a time very light. During the first hour the market wavered, news being quite conflicting and orders few and far between. Shortly after midday, however, unloading of old long stuff was started by a more bearish semi-weekly report than expected, coupled with estimates for continued moderate receipts. Stop orders were soon reached and for a time the bull crowd was extremely nervous. The near at hand months suffered most in the slump, May selling off to 5.80 and August to 5.90 before the decline was arrested. The handsome profits in sight tempted foreign and local shorts to cover later, but after several reactionary turns the market closed quiet and steady at a net loss of one to two points.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6 3-16c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; April 5.75, May 5.80c, June 5.95c, July 5.90c, August 5.91c, September 5 89c, October 5.93c, November 5.94c, December 5.97c; January 6.01c; February 6.04.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 6 3-16c; middling gulf 6 7-16c; sales 433 bales.

Net receipts 533 bales; gross receipts 3,999 bales; sales 433 bales; exports to Great Britain 988 bales; exports to the Continent 936 bales; stock 149,021 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,298 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,138 bales; exports to France 1,200 bales; exports to the Continent 936 bales; stock 793,462 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 33,809 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,138 bales; exports to France 6,660 bales; exports to the Continent 2,541 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,618,778 bales; exports to

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

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GRAND NATIONAL PRIZE OF 16,600 FRANCS AT PARIS

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Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the Best Tonic for Convalescents from Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever and All Malarial Troubles; it increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire System.

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NEW LIVERY.

I have received a new lot of Horses, Buggies etc., and am here to do business. When you want to buy or hire give me a trial. A good supply on hand to select from at all times.

F. T. MILLS.

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BIG G Trade Mark

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request

African Logic.

It would surely require an African mind to discover the justice of a claim made by a native some years ago. The story is told by Dr. Good, and printed in The Watchman.

A leopard was the cause of the trouble. The savage beast killed a fine calf belonging to the Rev. William Walker of the American mission in Gaboon. Luckily for the missionary, he succeeded in driving away the thief before it had time to devour or to carry off its prey. It was in doing this that he acted "unjustly," as the sequel showed.

On that same night the chief man of one of the little towns that make up Gaboon had a pig taken by a leopard. It was natural to suppose that the thief was the same animal which the missionary had sent away hungry. Had the missionary allowed his calf to be eaten, the chief man's pig would have been saved. To the African mind the obligation was plain. The man came the next morning to Mr. Walker asking for payment for his pig and declaring that the missionary was directly responsible for its death.

English Officers' Mess.

What is the average cost of messing per day, or the price of breakfast, luncheon, dinner, without allowance for wine or beer? The average cost in any well ordered regiment is 4 shillings a day. It has been known to be done cheaper, and, of course, in some cavalry regiments and "crack" corps the amount is considerably higher. However, 4 shillings a day may be taken as a very fair average, and we cannot say that we think this sum to be all out of the way.

The house dinner in the cheapest recognized London club comes to half a crown, including table money, and there are few places, we fancy, where one can get a gracefully served breakfast and luncheon, with no lack of variety, for the combined sum of 18 pence. In fact, it is only fair to state that the ordinary charges for daily messing have been brought within such limits that those officers who may not have much private means may be enabled to live in a comfortable and suitable manner.—Chambers' Journal.

London's Store of Furs.

London and Peking are the two great treasure houses of fur for the east and the west of the old world. East and west do not equally divide the area supplied from these two centers, for London serves Asia as far as Tiflis and the Caspian, south of the Caucasus, and as far as central Siberia, north of that line. All Turkey in Asia, Thrace, Macedonia and nearly the whole of Russia now buy their furs in the London market. Sables, trapped in Siberia, are sold in London, bought by Russian merchants and shipped back to the empire of the czar, and the skins of foxes, taken on the Caspian, are purchased in Lime street to go to Koniah or Van and line the cloaks of Turkish beys and pashas. Peking serves what we know as the "far east."—Cornhill Magazine.

FLAGGING HIS TRAIN.

THE CLERGYMAN DISCOVERED IT WAS NOT AN EASY TASK.

And He Likewise Learned More About Trainmen's Profanity, Railroad Methods and Time Schedules Than He Ever Knew Before.

There is a clergyman in this city who has come to believe firmly that he knows little of the ways of the world, and especially of that part pertaining to the management of a railroad. This clergyman is well known all over the country, and he has frequent calls from western cities for his services. He consented to visit a small city in the west, near Columbus, O., and dedicate a new church that had just been built. Accordingly, he took a night train, and about 24 hours later he reached the city. He was met by a delegation from the church and was taken at once to the best hotel in the little place and made as comfortable as possible.

The duty that he came to the town to perform was properly carried out, and he began to speculate upon the best way to get home. He found that by catching a train that went through the town at 5 o'clock in the morning he could get home in time to fulfill an engagement of importance, so he decided to take that train. He refused the kind offers of several persons to come around and take him to the station. He said he would awaken himself and that he would not bother any one, but would slip out quietly early in the morning. The train he was to take did not stop at the town unless flagged. He visited the station agent and asked him if he would flag the train. The agent said regretfully that he went home at 9 o'clock at night and did not come back until 8 o'clock the next morning, but he would come down to oblige the minister. The clergyman declined this kind offer, and said that if the agent would leave a lantern out where he could find it he would light it and flag the train himself.

This agreement was made and the clergyman went home and retired early. About 4 o'clock he was astir, and after packing up he walked down to the station, a short distance away. He reached there about 4:55 o'clock by his watch. He found the lantern and lighted it and sat down to wait for the train.

Now everything was all right except that this minister was an absentminded one and had never realized that there was an hour's difference in time between New York and the Ohio town. It was 5 o'clock by his watch, New York time, but only 4 o'clock western time, and so he was an hour ahead of time. It was 6 o'clock by his time when the train was due. He had waited only a few moments when a big train came rattling along. He saw the headlight flare up through the darkness and he stepped out and swung his lantern. The train drew nearer and nearer and slowed up and finally came to a full stop.

Then the clergyman discovered that he had pulled down a long freight. He was speechless with surprise, but the engineer wasn't. When he learned the condition of affairs, he broke loose with a torrent of abuse, to which the minister made no reply. The engineer finally climbed back on his engine and opened the throttle. It was a cold winter morning and the engine creaked, puffed, snorted, wheezed and the wheels spun frantically in getting the big train started. Finally he got under way and left the clergyman behind, but still ignorant of his time schedule being awry.

He pondered over the situation and finally came to the conclusion that the passenger train was late and that this freight was put in ahead on a special schedule. About ten minutes later he saw another headlight blaze up in the distance and felt confident that this was the passenger. So he stepped out and swung his lantern. The result was that the train slowed up and stopped, and when he discerned its outline through the darkness he was almost stunned to see that he had pulled down another big freight—as he soon learned, the second section of the one that he had first stopped. There was nothing to do but apologize and stand the abuse. This engineer also got his train under way with difficulty and failed to comment on the time difference.

After this the minister said grimly that he would stop everything that went through there until he got his train, and a few moments later when he saw another headlight careening along toward the station he manfully, although with a sinking sensation at his heart, stepped out and flagged it. This time he pulled down a heavy construction train, and when he saw the result he threw up his hands in despair. The conductor of this train proved to be a cordial sort of citizen, who wasn't greatly put out. He explained where all the trouble was, after hearing the clergyman's story, and then said:

"Here! You had better get on this train with me and I will take you up to Columbus. That will put a stop to your flagging everything that comes along."

This suggestion was accepted, and when the passenger train rolled into the station at Columbus the minister climbed on board. When the conductor came through for his ticket the minister said genially:

"I saved you a lot of trouble this morning."

"How was that?" said the conductor.

"I was going to get on down at C—," said the minister, "and I was to flag you, but instead I happened to flag a construction train, and the conductor brought me up here to save the trouble of stopping you."

An ominous look came into the conductor's eye as he said in a forbidding way:

"What did you flag him with?"

"Why, a lantern, of course," said the clergyman.

"What did you do with it afterward?" said the conductor, and the lines around his mouth hardened.

"Why," said the minister, instinctively feeling that there was something wrong, "I put it down on the platform, where the agent could get it when he came along."

"Yes," said the conductor wearily, "just where it would flag anything that came along. Next time you want to flag a train, parson, you get an agent to do it for you. You stopped me all right down there, and if I hadn't put the light out and put the lantern away you would have stopped everything that came along there until the agent got down."—New York Tribune.

Son's Awful Discovery.

A huge crocodile was caught in the Klang river, and on being cut open was found to contain the remains of the father of one of the spectators. The identification was brought out by means of a ring and a belt buckle. This was the first intimation the son had received of the death of his father, who had that morning gone out fishing.—Malay Mail.

Waste of Animal Life In Africa.

Although in some particulars oxen show undoubted intelligence, in many ways they are great fools. Thus they seem to have no knowledge of what is or is not good for them to eat. In Natal there grows an herb called "tulip," which is almost certain death to cattle, a fact with which they must have been acquainted for generations. Yet they seem to eat it greedily whenever they get the chance. Once I lost about 20 valuable trek oxen from this cause alone. This and the tale of the horse sickness, to say nothing of the record of rinderpest, will show the reader that farming in Africa is not without its risks. Indeed I know no country where the waste of animal life is so tremendous, although doubtless as the land becomes inclosed and proper buildings and winter food are provided it will greatly lessen.—Longman's Magazine.

An Easy Riddance.

Mr. Hardrocks—By George, I was relieved this morning!

Mrs. Hardrocks—Why, Silas, how? Did somebody pick your pocket?

Mr. Hardrocks—No. Young Perkleigh came in to see me. I thought he was certainly after our daughter, but he merely wanted to borrow $10. He'll never bother us any more. I let him have it.—Cleveland Leader.

Korea is about 600 miles long and 135 wide. It is very mountainous, and the climate is one of the finest in the world. Nine months in the year the skies are bright, and the winter is superb, with its extreme dryness, clear skies and crisp, frosty nights. From September to June there are no extremes of heat or cold.

THE DEAR OLD LADY.

Old Fashioned and Motherly, but She Dazed the Hack Driver.

"I was at my usual stand near the depot the other morning," said the hack driver, "when an old lady came out of the station and took my hack.

"She was a motherly looking old woman, with an old fashioned bonnet and corkscrew curls, and it was very evident that she was from the country and not accustomed to city life.

"I congratulated myself upon securing such an easy fare, as she asked no question in regard to what the expense would be, merely ordering me to show her all there was to be seen in the city.

"I followed her directions to the letter. I nearly drove my horse to death looking up attractions about the city that I thought would amuse the old lady and incidentally add a few hours to my bill.

"I flatter myself that it has been some time since any one has seen in one day all the attractions that I showed the old lady.

"She enjoyed it and asked me a thousand and one questions, which I answered to the best of my ability.

"At noon I loaned her 25 cents to pay for her lunch, as she had nothing smaller than a $20 bill, which she was afraid she could not get changed.

"During the afternoon I took her around to the places that I had overlooked in the morning, and later in the afternoon I drove her to one of the large department stores, as she wished to do a little trading before she left for home on the late train.

"Maybe I'm green, but I waited outside for her for two hours before it dawned upon me that something might be wrong. Even then I should have notified the police that she was lost had not a fellow hackman told me that he had seen an old lady who looked like my fare taking a late train out of the city.

"But what makes me mad worse than anything else is the fact that I had made up my mind when she asked for the amount of my bill to try to remember that I had a mother once myself."—Detroit Free Press.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE.

Her Summary Method of Snapping Obstructive Official Red Tape.

When Florence Nightingale came, instantly a new intelligence, instinct with pity, aflame with energy, fertile with womanly invention, swept through the Scutari hospital. Clumsy male devices were dismissed, almost with a gesture, into space. Dirt became a crime, fresh air and clean linen, sweet food and soft hands a piety. A great kitchen was organized, which provided well cooked food for a thousand men. Washing was a lost art in the hospital, but this band of women created, as with a breath, a great laundry, and a strange cleanliness crept along the walls and the beds of the hospital. In their warfare with disease and pain these women showed a resolution as high as the men of their race showed against the gray coated battalions of Inkerman, or in the frozen trenches before Sevastopol. Muddle headed male routine was swept ruthlessly aside.

If the commissariat failed to supply requisites, Florence Nightingale, who had great funds at her disposal, instantly provided them herself, and the heavy footed officials found the swift feet of these women outrunning them in every path of help and pity. Only one flash of anger is reported to have broken the serene calm which served as a mask for the steellike and resolute will of Florence Nightingale. Some stores had arrived from England; sick men were languishing for them. But routine required that they should be "inspected" by a board before being issued, and the board, moving with heavy footed slowness, had not completed its work when night fell. The stores were, therefore, with official phlegm, locked up and their use denied to the sick. Between the needs of hundreds of sick men and the comforts they required was the locked door, the symbol of red tape. Florence Nightingale called a couple of orderlies, walked to the door and quietly ordered them to burst it open and the stores to be distributed!—Cornhill Magazine.

A Practice That Made Perfect.

"Leschetizky, the famous teacher of the piano, often brightens his talk with reminiscence," writes Cleveland Moffett in The Ladies' Home Journal. "'I always practiced a piece with six dried peas,' he said to one pupil. 'When I began, I would lay the six peas on the piano rack side by side. Then when I had played the piece through perfectly, or a part of it, I would put one of the peas in my pocket. That would leave five peas, and when I had played it through perfectly a second time I would put another pea in my pocket. And so I would go on until I had played it through perfectly six times in succession and all the peas were in my pockets. But if I made a single mistake, say in the third playing or the fourth playing, I would put the six peas back on the rack and begin all over again. Whoever practices with six dried peas is sure to play as well as he can.'"

BLOOD PURIFIER

Sent Free!

To Prove the Wonderful Merits of

Botanic Blood Balm

(B. B. B.) or three Bs,

Every reader of THE STAR may have a Sample Bottle sent Free by Mail.

Get rid of the bad blood in you system and you get rid of the disease.

Eating sores, persistent bleeding sores that won't heal, as in deadly cancer, mucous patches or sores in mouth or throat, failing hair, pimply skin, sore nose or running in the ear, as in blood poison, corrupt ulcers, scrofula (especially in children) the itching, scaly blistering skin of eczema, terrible, painful swellings, pimples, boils and sickly, bad feeling of malaria, blood poison are all due to bad, diseased, poisoned blood in the body, and they all demand a powerful, thoroughly tested blood remedy to drive the bad blood out of the body. That B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm—is such a remedy stands proven beyond all doubt. B. B. B.—Botanic Blood Balm—cures because it produces such an effect on the sweat glands and excretory organs as to drive all the poison, foreign matter and disease out of the blood, leaving it pure and wholesome. And this is the only permanent cure. Sarsaparillas, washes, salves may make you feel good for a while, but the sores, cancer, eczema, &c., are sure to come back again worse than ever, and so in the end you must take B. B. B. It is the only remedy powerful enough to remove the cause and thus cure.

The treatment with B. B. B. is so simple, pleasant and inexpensive and so certain in its happy results that no excuse can be offered for failure to at least try B. B. B.

Blood Poison.

For this monster of a disease in any form, contracted or inherited, 1st, 2nd or 3rd stages producing ulcers, pimples, sores in mouth or throat, skin hot, hair falls out, etc., B. B. B. cures the disease and drives the poison from the system never to return.

Spring Remedy.

If you have been in the habit of taking a Spring remedy suppose you try B. B. B. this Spring. It is way and beyond superior to sarsaparillas and mere tonics. B. B. B. cures to stay cured all Spring Blood Humors.

Cancer, Bleeding, Eating Sores.

Cancer of nose, lip, face, ear or neck, external or internal, cancer, bleeding, eating sores, are all cured by B. B. B., the most powerful blood purifier made. All druggists sell B. B. B. at $1 per large bottle. For free trial bottle address, BLOOD BALM CO., 149 Mitchell street, Atlanta, Ga., and sample bottle of B. B. B. and book will be sent by return mail. Describe your symptoms and free personal medical advice will be given.

we su ma 16 1y

Removal.

J. E. COWELL has removed his Barber Shop to Second street, between Market and Princess, corner Purcell alley. ma 10 tf

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?

Every Sufferer from Lung Weakness, Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh or Bronchitis Can Be Cured.

Complete FREE Course of Treatment Consisting of Four Preparations — The Slocum System —

Nearly everybody you meet will regard it as a kind of insult to be asked if they have weak lungs. All seem to have a solid faith in the soundness of their own breathing machine. In cases of trouble they will admit there is a "heavy cold," "a touch of bronchitis," or even "a spell of asthma," but as to weak or unsound lungs, never, NEVER. Even the poor consumptive, who scarcely speaks without coughing, whose cheeks are wasted, hollow and bear the hectic flush of doom, will assure you with glistening eyes that his cold is on the mend and he will be all right when the weather changes.

It is simply terrible to think how far we may be guilty by our indifference to the lung troubles of those near and dear to us. It is also a sad thought that we may hug a delusion as to our own health that we only get rid of when life itself must pay the forfeit.

Nobody can afford to think lightly of lung troubles. Nobody can afford to be mistaken about their possible dangers. Nobody can afford to neglect them, or "let them wear out," or "get better in the spring," or any other tomfoolery that leads only to wreck and ruin. Lung troubles don't move backward. Weak lungs don't grow strong by themselves—you must heal them and strengthen them, and rid them of the very earliest germs of disease, or you are simply committing a form of suicide. Either you must cure your lung troubles or THEY WILL KILL YOU. That's the whole situation in a nutshell.

Never was there a cure for lung troubles equal to the newly-discovered Dr. Slocum treatment. This forms a system of Four Remedies that are used simultaneously and supplement each other's curative action. It cures weak lungs, bronchitis, asthma, coughs, consumption and every other ailment of the pulmonary region. It destroys every germ that can affect the respiratory system, and even in advanced stages of lung trouble positively arrests the tubercular growth, while it also builds up the patient so that his system is enabled to throw off scrofula, rheumatism, catarrh, and other wasting diseases.

Thousands of cured cases already prove these claims. Thousands of grateful people bless the discovery.

The Doctor wants everybody to know the surprising merits of his system. He has arranged to give a free treatment (Four Preparations) to all sufferers. Full instructions for use accompany each treatment.

WRITE TO THE DOCTOR.

Write at once to Dr. T. A. Slocum Laboratories, 96 and 98 Pine street, New York City, giving full express and postoffice address, and mention this paper.

Delay only makes your trouble worse.

Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL,.....$125,000.00
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We Want Your Business and Will Make It to Your Interest to Deal With Us. Promptness Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed. NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

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Wall Paper....

NEW SPRING DESIGNS JUST RECEIVED.

AGENCY FOR ALFRED PEAT'S AND RICHARD THIBANT'S CELEBRATED PAPERS.

Unsurpassed Designs and Colorings.

CALL AND MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS.

New York Prices.

C. W. YATES & CO.

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I HAVE ON HAND

$40,000 Worth of Dry Goods.

Every dollar's worth of it for sale cheap. I want to show you the completest stock of goods in this city. We have our store loaded up and want money. Come and see what we can show you.

Spring Suits for gentlemen.
Alapaca Coats at $1.00; Coat and Vest, fine quality, at $2.25.
Fine Serge Coats at $2.50.
Serge Coat and Vest at $3.75, 4.50, 5.00 and up to 6.00.
Fine all wool Serge Suits at $7.50.
Fine wool Suits at $3.00, 3.75, 4.50 and 5.00.
Clay Worsted Suits at $3.00, 5.00, up to 10.00.
Men's Hats, all new goods.
Very cheap, fine, new style Derbys at $1.00 up to 2.00, every color.
Nice good Derby Hats from 40c up.
Crush Hats at 18c.
Nice Straw Hats every price from 10c to $1.00.
Boys' all wool Golf Caps for 10c.
Crush Caps at 20c.
Tam O'Shanter Caps from 10c up.
Boys' Straw Hats at 10c up.
Boy's Suits from 69c to $3.00; Odd Pants from 18 to 50c.
Men's well-made Overalls at 35c up; Boys' Overalls, 25c.
Men's Odd Pants by 1,000, from 33c up.
Nice all wool Pants for 98c; nice fine Pants at $2.00.
Our stock of Spring and Summer Underwear is complete.
Ladies' Bleached Vests from 5 to 25c; Gent's from 18c up to 50c; and pants to match.
Very best Madras Laundered Shirts at 29c.
Percale Shirt, one collar, at 29c; two separate collars, beautiful goods, at 50c.
Ladies' ready-made Dresses for 39, 50, 75c to $1.25.
Our Ladies' Hats are beautiful.
We trim all Hats free to you, when we sell the Hat and Trimming.
We sell nice Trimmed Hats from 50, 75c and $1.00 up to $15.00 each.
Our Dress Goods consist of everything. We claim to have the newest and largest line of Dress Goods here.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.,

apr 2 tf Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 5:56 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:35 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:30 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:30 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 64—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:55 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M. Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:20 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:20 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico; Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
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General Offices Portsmouth, Va. Ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 14 p m
10 38 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m
No. 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 42 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Ar	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
ONEIDA.....Saturday, April 8
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, April 15

Wilmington for New York.
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, April 8
ONEIDA.....Saturday, April 15

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, April 11
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, April 18

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. apr 5 tf

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The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

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Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
ma 3 2m Boston, Mass.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect March 26, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.06 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4 32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.5 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8 43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.05 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M., Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M. Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10 35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6 34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston *1.00 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9 00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.32 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.00 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.35 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.18 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.32 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5.

FAIR-VANDERBILT.

Youth and Beauty With Millions of Money Joined Together in Matrimony.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Youth and beauty, with millions of money, were joined together in holy matrimony at noon to-day, when Virginia Fair became the bride of William K. Vanderbilt, Jr. About one hundred and fifty guests were present at the ceremony, which took place at the Fifty-seventh street residence of Herman Oelrichs, whose wife is the sister of the bride. The houee was surrounded by a curious and mixed crowd.

Shortly before noon the guests commenced to arrive at the Oelrichs house. The Rev. Thomas F. Murphy, acting pastor of the Church of the Sacred Heart, at Dobbs' Ferry, was on hand early, accompanied by two acolytes. The conservatory and ball room had been transformed into the semblance of an old English garden.

Almost promptly at noon, the maid of honor, Miss Mary Baldwin Tolfree, entered the ball room and under an aisle arched with roses walked toward the waiting priest. She preceded the bride, Miss Fair. Following her was her brother-in-law Mr. Oelrichs. The organ, especially built for the purpose, pealed out. The groom was attended by J. P. Kellogg. In the gallery an orchestra of fifty pieces, under Emil Paur, played the nuptial music from Lohengrin.

The wedding party was then ushered into the library, and at long tables sat down to a wedding breakfast.

When the breakfast was over the bride changed into her traveling dress, and the young Vanderbilts drove off in a brand new brougham, a present to the groom, to the river. They crossed to the Long Island Railroad depot, and there entered a special car, which bore them to Mr. Vanderbilt's country place, Idlehour, Oakdale, L. I.

MYSTERIOUS INTRIGUES.

Extraordinary Statements Issued by the Filipino Junta from Hong Kong, China.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KONG KONG, April 4.—The Filipino Junta here has issued another of the extraordinary statements which have been features of the newspaper campaign directed from here by the agents of Aguinaldo. In the present instance the rebel agents claim to have obtained their information from American sources at Manila. They assert the existence of "mysterious intrigues" between the Vatican, Major General Wesley Merritt, President McKinley, Major General Elwell S. Otis and Archbishop Ireland, "leading to the latter's journey to Rome."

Continuing, the Filipino statement says:

"The Paulist fathers' actions prior to the fall of Manila were suspicious. Now, in conjunction with Archbishop Nazaledas, who is intimate with Gen. Otis, they are endeavoring to procure the former ascendnacy of the Church in the Philippines, hence they are sustaining General Otis, who, as a Catholic, has refused to obey the Washington orders and transfer the command of his force to General Lawton, because he wishes to remain in power and assist the Church to recover its real estate. The Paulists' policy is more subtle than that of the Jesuits and unless they are promptly recalled they will work further mischief. The Philippines are a valuable hunting ground for the Church, hence the titanic efforts to maintain its supremacy."

SPANISH PRISONERS.

Failure of the Relief Expedition Sent from Manila—Another Effort to be Made.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, April 4.—The committee of Spaniards, under the leadership of Senor Antonio Fuset, president of the Spanish club, has had little success with the expedition organized to deliver money and stores to the Spanish prisoners. The members of the expedition were obliged to give the goods to the Filipino officers at Batangas. The boat had a letter from Aguinaldo, directing the Filipino officials to aid the mission, but Gen. Trias, commanding the Filipino forces in the southern provinces, and his subordinates, declined to recognize Aguinaldo's authority. The Spaniards refused to accept the invitations to land, having been warned that they would be held for ransom.

Major Rafaal Morales, the former Spanish governor of the island of Mindoro, was brought on board the ship for an interview. He was so weak that he fainted, and at parting he said: "I shall never see you again."

A committee, whose members are of all the nationalities in Manila, headed by John McLeod, an Englishman, has been organized for the purpose of interviewing the Filipino leaders and petioning for the release of the prisoners in the name of humanity.

THE BAKER LYNCHING.

Trial in the United States Court to Begin Next Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 4.—The United States Circuit Court, Judge Brawley, of the District Court, met here to-day. The business before this term of the court will be light with the exception of a single case—the prosecution by the Government of fifteen men alleged to have taken part in the lynching of postmaster Frazer Baker, at Lake City, S. C., in February, 1898. The testimony in this case will be presented to the grand jury Thursday morning. It is expected that a true bill will be returned at once but the actual trial will not begin until Monday next, owing to the absence from the city of counsel who will assist United States District Attorney Lathrop in the prosecution. The case has attracted the widest attention throughout the country and the result of the trial will be followed here and elsewhere very closely.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PROCLAMATION TO FILIPINOS.

Assures People of the Good Will and Fraternal Feeling of the President.

DECLARES AMERICA'S AIMS.

Supremacy of the United States Must and Will be Enforced—Civil Rights of Filipinos Guaranteed — Religious Freedom Assured.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, April 4.—The preamble of the United States' Philippine Commission reciting the cession by the peace treaty of the Philippine islands to the United States, refers to the appointment of the commission, assures the people of the cordial good will and fraternal feeling of the President of the United States and the American people and asserts that the object which the United States government, apart from the fulfillment of its solemn obligations, has assumed toward the family of nations by the acceptance of the sovereignty over the islands, is the well being, prosperity and happiness of the Philippine people and their elevation and advancement of their position among the most civilized people of the world.

Continuing, the proclamation says:

The President's Purposes.

"The President believes this felicity and perfection of the Philippine people will be brought about by the cultivation of letters, science and the liberal and practical arts, by the enlargement of intercourse with foreign nations, the expansion of industrial pursuits by trade and commerce, by the multiplication and improvement of means of internal communication, and by the development of the great natural resources of the archipelago.

"Unfortunately these pure aims and purposes of the American government and the people have been misrepresented to some of the inhabitants of certain islands, and, in consequence, the friendly American forces, without provocation or cause, have been openly attacked. Why these hostilities? What do the Filipinos desire? Can it be more than the United States is ready to give? They say they are patriots and want liberty."

To Guarantee Freedom.

The commission emphatically asserts that it is willing and anxious to establish an enlightened system of government under which the people may enjoy the largest measure of home rule and the amplest liberty consonant with the supreme ends of the government and compatible with those obligations which the United States has assumed toward the civilized nations of the world.

The proclamation then says there can be no real conflict between American sovereignty and the rights and liberties of the Filipinos, for America is ready to furnish armies and navies and all the infinite resources of a great and powerful nation to maintain its rightful supremacy over the opposition, so it is even more solicitous to spread peace and happiness among the people and guarantee them rightful freedom and to protect their just privileges and immunities, to accustom them to free self-government in ever increasing measure, and to encourage those democratic aspirations, sentiments and ideals which are the promise and potency of fruitful national development. In conclusion, the proclamation announces that the commission will visit the Philippine provinces to ascertain the enlightened native opinion as to the form of government adapted to the people, conformable with their traditions and ideals, invites the leading representative men to meet the commission, and declares that the policy of the United States, in the establishment and maintenance of the government, is to consult the wishes and secure the advice and co-operation of the people.

The Eleven Articles.

The proclamation contains eleven articles, declaring America's intentions, as follows:

1. The supremacy of the United States must and will be enforced throughout every part of the archipelago. Those who resist can accomplish nothing except their own ruin.

2. The amplest liberty of self-government will be granted which is reconcilable with a just, stable, effective and economical administration and compatible with the sovereign rights and obligations of the United States.

3. The civil rights of the Filipinos will be guaranteed and protected, their religious freedom will be assured, and all will have equal standing before the law.

4. Honor, justice and friendship forbid the exploitation of the people of the islands. The purpose of the American government is the welfare and advancement of the Philippine people.

5. Guarantees an honest and effective civil service in which to the fullest extent practicable natives shall be employed.

6. The collection and application of taxes and other revenues will be put upon a sound, honest and economical basis. The public funds, raised justly and collected honestly, will be applied only to defraying the proper expenses of the establishment and maintenance of the Philippine government, and such general improvements as public interests demand. Local funds collected for local purposes shall not be diverted to other ends. With such prudent and honest fiscal administration, it is believed the needs of the government will in a short time become compatible with a considerable reduction in taxation.

7. The establishment of a pure, speedy and effective administration of justice, by which the evils of delay, corruption and exploitation will be effectually eradicated.

8. The construction of roads, railroads and other means of communication and transportation and other public works of manifest advantage to the people will be promoted.

9. Domestic and foreign trade and commerce and other industrial pursuits and the general development of the country in the interests of its inhabitants, will be constant objects of solicitude and fostering care.

10. Effective provision will be made for the establishment of elementary schools, in which the children will be educated. Appaopriate facilities will also be provided for higher education.

11. Reforms in all departments of government, all branches of the public service, and all corporations closely touching the common life of the people, must be undertaken without delay and effected conformably with common right and justice, in a way to satisfy the well founded demands and the highest sentiments and aspirations of the Philippines' people.

Proclamation to be Circulated.

Dr. Schuman, president of the commission, said: "The Filipinos have been asking unceasingly, 'what do you propose to do for us?' The proclamation covers the question and it should satisfy them."

Col. Charles Denby, member of the commission and former minister to China, remarked: "It is the most important proclamation since the Declaration of Independence. Spanish, Tagalo and English versions have been printed, and it is proposed to circulate them about Malolos and at all the seaports. They will be sent to the lake towns by gunboats."

FILIPINOS STILL ACTIVE.

Exchange of Shots With Some of MacArthur's Forces—Two of the Montana Regiment Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, April 4.—General MacArthur reconnoitered in force this morning with the Montana regiment, the Fourth cavalry and two guns of the light artillery, as far as the river north of Malolos. The reconnoisance developed the fact that there are fully one thousand rebels, armed with Mauser rifles, preparing for defence. Shots were exchanged and two members of the Montana regiment were wounded, but there was no engagement.

Later in the day General MacArthur moved northward, as the water supply of Malolos was inadequate.

The belief is spreading among the residents here that the effect of the capture of Malolos, the former rebel capital, followed by the proclamation of the Philippine Commission, will be to convince the natives that Aguinaldo's bubble has burst.

Massing Their Forces.

MANILA, April 5, 9:35 A. M.—The insurgents are massing strong forces north of Calumpit, about five and a half miles northwest of Malolos, and according to the observations of the reconnoitering parties they have fine entrenchments there. It is expected that hard fighting is necessary to dislodge them at that point and at San Fernando, where Aguinaldo is supposed to be. Large rivers strengthen both positions.

The Montana regiment had one man killed and three wounded yesterday. Twenty-five men were prostrated by the heat and brought to the hospital.

The new Krupp guns, one 6 inch and the other 8 inch, which were buried at Malolos, though secured late, will be mounted.

The Americans have also found 27,000 silver dollars.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

An Aged and Well-to-Do Couple Found Dead at Falls Church, Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALLS CHURCH, VA., April 4.—The dead bodies of Weston B. Turner and his wife, a well-to-do couple, each about sixty years old, who made their home at this place, were discovered here to-day. Turner evidently had shot his wife while she was asleep and then put another bullet through his own head. A paper of March 23rd giving an account of a suicide in Washington that day and other evidence, indicated that the tragedy occurred the night of the 23rd. The couple frequently visited Washington and it was not until their absence became prolonged that the house was broken into and the dead bodies found. Turner had been in ill health and quite melancholy all Winter. The tragedy evidently was an inspiration of the moment. Turner left an estate worth about $50,000.

ELECTIONS IN ARKANSAS.

No Contests Outside of Hot Springs, Where Result is in Doubt.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., April 4.—Municipal elections were held in Arkansas to-day, but outside of Hot Springs where there were four candidates for Mayor, there were no contests worth mentioning. At Little Rock there was but one candidate in the field. Mayor Woodson was re-elected. The contest at Hot Springs was quite spirited, the deadly riot of three weeks ago having grown out of it. The result there is in doubt.

LATER—George R. Beldin, straight Democratic candidate, was elected Mayor of Hot Springs to-day. He was supported by the Williams faction, which clashed with the opposing forces on March 15, when five men were killed.

STRAINED RELATIONS.

Hostilities Between Hayti and San Domingo Likely to Occur.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, HAYTI, April 4.—The relations between the republic of Hayti and the republic of San Domingo are very much strained, owing to dispute regarding territory claimed by both republics. The two governments are concentrating troops on the frontier and it is reported that the Dominicans have invaded Haytian territory and occupied Las Cabas.

NEBRASKA ELECTIONS.

Republicans Elect in Lincoln and Beatrice. Nebraska City Democratic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 4.—H. B. Winnett, Republican, was elected mayor of Lincoln to-day by a majority of nearly 800 over A. H. Weir, Fusion. The Republicans elect their city ticket except one excise man, and elect six of the seven councilmen. At Beatrice the entire Republican ticket was elected. Nebraska City is solidly Democratic.

THE CUBAN ASSEMBLY.

Voted to Disband—Army Muster Rolls to be Given Gen. Brooke.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 4.—The Cuban Military Assembly this afternoon voted to disband the army and to dissolve. The voting was 21 in favor and one opposed.

The muster rolls were left in the possession of the executive committee of the Assembly, who will facilitate the preparation of copies for General Brooke.

TEXAS OIL FIELDS.

Large Purchases Made by an English Syndicate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, April 4.—An English syndicate, represented by Henry T. Kean and Charles A. Calhoun, of St. Louis, have closed a deal with petroleum producers at Corsicana, by which it becomes possessed of nearly two hundred oil wells and some 200,000 acres of oil land leases. The price paid is nearly $400,000. The same syndicate will acquire control of other extensive oil fields in Texas.

HEAVY SNOW AND LOW TEMPERATURE.

A Cold Wave Sweeps Over Virginia and North and South Carolina.

SERIOUS LOSS TO TRUCKERS.

About Ends the Chances for Early Fruit and Vegetables — The Snow from Two to Four Inches Deep in Many Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

RALEIGH, N. C., April 4.—Snow began falling this morning at 4 o'clock, and continued steadily until 2:30 in the afternoon. This is the heaviest April snow, being about four or five inches deep, since the weather bureau was established here, thirteen years ago.

Freeze in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 4.—A special to the *State* from Chester, about fifty miles north of this city, says: "It snowed here this morning for about one hour, and is very cold and disagreeable here to night."

The temperature in Columbia to day shows a mean of 41, accompanied by stiff winds. The cold wave seems to be general in the State, and about ends the chances of early fruit and vegetables.

Very Cold in Virginia.

NORFOLK, April 4.—It began snowing heavily here at 11 A. M. to-day and continued until 4 P. M., when it was succeeded by rain. The Tennis Construction Company was to have broken ground to-day for the new electric railway from this city to Sewell's Point, where piers and a fine hotel will be erected, but the weather prevented. It is very cold here to-night. Cold weather is general throughout the State.

PETERSBURG, VA., April 4.—A furious snow storm began here about 10 o'clock this morning and lasted several hours, but the flakes melted as fast as they fell.

DANVILLE, VA., April 4.—Snow fell from daylight till nearly noon to-day in this city and vicinity. Between ten and eleven o'clock the downpour was as heavy as any experienced here this winter and reached a depth of about three inches.

Struck Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 4.—The April snow squall struck Charlotte at 8.30 this morning and prevailed off and on until 2.30 in the afternoon. The weather to night is cold, but damp to a degree that there is no danger of frost. That being the case, fruit and truck are comparatively safe. The cold snap, however, has added to the troubles of the farmers, who are already weeks behind in their work.

ELECTIONS IN ILLINOIS.

Democratic Victories in Chicago and Quincy—Carter Harrison Re-elected Mayor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Carter H. Harrison was re-elected Mayor of Chicago to-day by a total vote of 146,914, against 107,304 for Zina B. Carter, the Republican candidate, and 45,401 for John P. Altgeld, the independent Democratic candidate. Harrison's plurality, 39,610.

The Democrats have elected their candidates for town officers in the north and west towns, the Republicans carrying the south town, although the final count may take this from them. The returns at midnight, however, indicate that they have a safe majority.

The vote from the wards shows, as far as it has been counted, that the Republicans have elected fourteen aldermen and the Democrats nine. The city council has been composed of 45 Democrats and 23 Republicans and the Democrats will, without doubt, retain a working majority.

QUINCY, ILL., April 4.—The Democrats elected their city ticket by pluralities ranging from 100 to 1,000. The Republicans had nominated for mayor Charles H. Williamson, chairman of the gold standard Democratic committee. He was beaten by 1,000 after the warmest campaign the city has ever known.

Of the thirty-four Aldermen elected the Republicans secured 19 and the Democrats 15. The next city council will consist of twenty eight Republicans and forty Democrats, again of five for the Republicans. The city ticket of the Democrats was elected by majorities running all the way between 6,000 and 8,000.

Four companies of the Second Illinois volunteers arrived at Savannah on the Ward line steamer Vigilancia from Dry Tortugas quarantine yesterday and started for Augusta, where the regiment is camped.

Mayor Maybury, of Detroit, has vetoed the resolution of the common council appointing Governor Pingree and two other citizens commissioners to purchase and operate the street railroads of Detroit for the city.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

OFFENDING ECCLESIASTIC.

A Priest in Matanzas Province Removed On the Request of the Military Governor.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 4.—Monsignor Santander, Bishop of Havana, at the suggestion of Governor General Brooke, has removed a priest in Cabezas parish, province of Matanzas. This request is the first intervention by the military administration in ecclesiastical affairs.

Major General Wilson, Military Governor of the Department of Matanzas, wrote to headquarters that the priest in question was a "drunken, worthless, dirty old scoundrel;" that he had pastured his horse in the cemetery and let the consecrated enclosure go to weeds, and that if the bishop did remove him he (General Wilson) would eject him on his own responsibility.

General Wilson was requested to make a report on the case in a different form, which he did. The latter was referred to Monsignor Santander, with a recommendation that he take "proper action," and this resulted in the removal of the offending ecclesiastic.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

Receipts Last Year at Savannah, Georgia, the Largest on Record.

The Savannah *News*, of Sunday last says:

The commercial year of naval stores ended yesterday. To-day the season of 1899 1900 begins. Altogether, the spirits turpentine market has been satisfactory; in fact, the best price reached during the year was 45 cents, the highest in many years. Rosin, however ruled low, and the market was generally unsatisfactory to producers.

The receipts of spirits turpentine were the largest in the history of the trade, being twenty-one casks ahead of the season of 1896 97, the banner year up to that date. The present stock is only 3,596 casks, the smallest amount in many years. At the close of the season last year the stock was 16,773 casks. The entire receipts of spirits during the past year were 329,466, against 313,797 during the previous season. The exports were 342,943 casks, against 301,860 casks.

The receipts of rosin during the season were 1,123,942 barrels, against 1,127,120 during 1897-'98.

NICARAGUA TROUBLE.

U. S. Gunboat Machias Ordered to Proceed to Bluefields.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The Navy Department is prepared to render speedy assistance to the American residents in Bluefields, Nicaragua, who are being subjected to pressure wrongfully by the authorities there. Acting Secretary Allen, in anticipation of the coming of the delegation from New Orleans has just ordered the gunboat Machias, now on the way to Key West from Livingston, Honduras, to proceed to Bluefields as soon as she can take coal.

WARM WIRELETS.

Henry V. Johnson, Democrat, elected mayor of Denver by a plurality of about 3,000.

The University of Virginia won from Princeton on the former's home ground yesterday by a score of 19 to 4.

At Superior, Wis., a Republican, was elected mayor by about 900 majority. The republicans elect the rest of their city ticket.

Warren F. Leland, proprietor of the Windsor hotel which was destroyed by fire March 17th, died yesterday at the Hotel Grenoble, New York.

Rev. James Bowen Funsten, rector of Trinity Church, Portsmouth, Va., who was elected Bishop of Boise, Idaho, has announced his acceptance.

The Presbytery of Washington City, at its semi-annual session yesterday accepted the resignation of Dr. DeWitt Talmage, as pastor of the First Presbyterian church of that city.

Municipal elections were held throughout Texas yesterday. There were no general issues and only local questions were involved. Democrats were generally successful.

Lord Salisbury has accepted the plan proposed by Germany for the settlement of the Samoan trouble by the appointment of a tripartite commission. The details of the arrangement are yet to be agreed upon.

The 20 round bout between Dan Creedon, of Australia, and Tommy West, which took place last night in the arena of the Lenox Athletic Club, of New York, was declared a draw by the referee.

The Pope is able to be up and about, but he cannot do his customary work and the Vatican routine has to be executed without personal reference to him. The danger from his fainting fits has been exaggerated.

Articles of incorporation of the R. L. Reynolds Tobacco Company, with a capital stock of $5,000,000, were filed yesterday with the secretary of state of New Jersey. The incorporators are R. J. Reynolds, W. N. Reynolds, J. B. Duke, J. R. Cobb, George N. Gales, O. K. Faucette and D. A. Keller.

Always Rock Bottom Prices

ALL GOODS IN MY LINE.

Offer.....

150 boxes Crackers.
200 boxes Snuff (all grades).
300 boxes Starch (Celluloid Lump).
400 cases Canned Goods.
450 barrels Molasses.
800 bales Timothy Hay.
20,000 pounds Wheat Bran.

And no less than a SOLID TRAIN LOAD of other Staple Groceries.

"I buy and sell with the cheapest."

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
apr 4 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR SALE.

One second hand Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. In good order. Runs nine barrels.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocers.
apr 4 tf

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture, Furniture Novelties
No. 17 S. Front St.

I have some goods for which there is not much demand during the Summer, and rather than carry them over will sell at any price.

While you are looking at these Bargains interview me on "SUMMER FURNISHINGS."

To accommodate those who cannot visit my store during the usual business hours, I will keep open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 o'clock P. M., and Saturdays till 10 P. M
ma 26 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Wanted—A "mother's help:" a woman who can sew and be generally useful. A good home for some one. Apply at once with reference, at 316 South Third street. apr 5 2t

A Novel Entertainment will be given on Wednesday, April 5, 1899, in the Lecture Room of the First Baptist Church. The programme will consist of a beautiful illustrated Poem and Song. Also, an amusing Monologue; and a decidedly funny Farce in one act, entitled, "One of You Must Marry." Entertainment will commence at 8.15 o'clock. Admission, 25c. su we apr 2 2t

The Two Johns—At No. 107 North Third street has just received 500 rolls Wall Paper from 3 to 10 cents per roll. Upholstering by first class workmen. Awning for stores and dwellings. Electricity work and supplies. King & Zimmerman. ap 2 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—Horse, Buggy and Harness. Apply to Jno. S. McEachern's Feed store, 211 Market street. mar 19 tf

Music for receptions, balls, sociables and other entertainments furnished by John Francisco's String Band (colored). John Francisco, Italian Harpist, leader. Residence No. 304 Walnut street, Wilmington, N. C. mar 18 tf

V. Cammariero has received two additional musicians to join with him for the formation of a Band, consisting of Harp, Violin and Flute, under name of Baltimore Italian String Band, and are open for engagements at 614 South Front street. Call on or address him when in need of the Band's services. mar 18 tf

I am not in business for fun. All consignments promptly sold; enquiries cheerfully answered. My business is to sell all products to the interest of the producer. I deal in Groceries, Cotton, Spirits, Tar and Rosin. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. ma 8 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

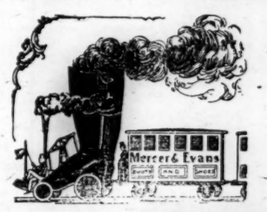
For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 23 tf

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 22 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf



For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 3.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.

We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS. Call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.
ja 26 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina
R. R. P. Oats
tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.
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S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
e 1 tf

Kainit.

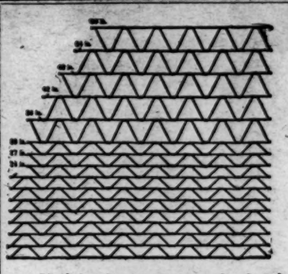
Seed Oats, all Kinds.
Seed Potatoes.
GENERAL STOCK
GROCERIES.
At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
e 9 tf

It's Selling.

Corneau's Bed Bug
INTERSEPTIC 20c
Pleasant to use.
Positive in effect.

JAS. D. NUTT, Druggist,
ma 24 tf



The Hartman Woven Wire Fencing

IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards
Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

495 STYLES TO SELECT FROM.

Fit Guaranteed.

PRICE, $12.50 AND UPWARD.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

☞ Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 and up. apr 2 tf

Household Helps

And Labor Savers for house cleaning time, laundry use and all sorts of cleaning. We have in everything that is needed in Brooms, Brushes, Soaps, Soap Powders, Soda, etc., of the best manufacture at the Lowest Prices. Our Ammonia will be found indispensable for household use.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
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THIS IS THE TIME

AND THIS IS THE PLACE FOR YOU

To Buy Furniture

We are opening the finest line of all grades of Furniture ever shown in the city.

OUR PRICE WILL MEET ALL COMPETITION. BOUGHT FOR CASH, WILL SELL AT THE LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Try one of our Perfection Mattresses. They never pack. If you choose, try one on approval. Any kind of Mattress made and renovated.

Furniture repaired and refinished by a first class Cabinet Maker.

We invite your inspection.

apr 2 tf THE SNEED COMPANY.

GETTING RICH IS EASY ENOUGH.....

IF YOU BEGIN RIGHTLY. SAVE SOME PORTION OF YOUR WAGES WEEKLY; DEPOSIT AMOUNTS REGULARLY IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

WHERE IT WILL BE PERFECTLY SECURE AND CAN BE DRAWN WHEN WANTED. IF LEFT THERE WILL ACCUMULATE BY EARNING INTEREST WITH SURPRISING RAPIDITY. INTEREST PAID ON ALL SUMS OF $5.00 OR MORE. SAVING ACCOUNTS CAN BE OPENED BY DEPOSITING TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. ma 23 tf

A Warm Time Coming.

BE PREPARED!

We handle the best makes of

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, &c.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW STOCK.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
ma 19 tf No. 114 N. Front Street.

Neckwear, -:- Neckwear.

OUR SPRING OPENING THIS, SATURDAY MORNING.

The handsomest line of **Ascots, Puffs, 4 In Hands, Imperials and Club Ties** ever shown in this city. COME IN AND LOOK THEM OVER.

OUR Tailoring Department

Is on a boom, and every one who sees our line of **Imported and Domestic Suitings and Trouserings** pronounce them far superior to any they have ever seen.

M. H. CURRAN,
apr 1 tf 107 Princess street.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

LADIES' MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

"In never saw such elaborate and beautiful styles in ready-made Underwear before." The remark of a customer who visited our Underwear section the other day. Those of you who have not seen the showing yet are invited to come and pass judgment. We have prepared too well to be fearful of the result. Ask to see these:

Cambric Corset Covers 15c. Trimmed Corset Covers 25c. Fancy Trimmed Covers 40 and 50c. Ladies' Tucked Drawers 25c, Ladies' Ruffled Drawers 35c, Ladies' Fancy Ruffled Drawers 50c. Ladies' Umbrella Ruffled Drawers 50 and 75c. Ladies' Chemise at 35, 50 and 75c. Ladies' Cambric Shirts 50c, Ladies' Skirts. Fancy Trimmed, 75c to $1.25; Ladies' Cambric Gowns 50c; Ladies' Cambric Gowns, Fancy Trimmed, 75c to $3.00. Ready-made Skirts in Serges, Mohair, Coverts, Crashes and Ducks, from 50c to $5 00

A few Coats; Suits at special prices.

The largest line of Black Dress Goods in the State to select from. Write us for samples and mention this paper. Special, a Hemstitched Tucked Lawn Cap for 35 cents.

Wash Silks 35c, Taffeta Silks, all shade, 50c; India Silks 65c. Full line of Fancy Silks for Waists, and Black Silks for Skirts and Dresses.

New Line of Belt Buckles and Collar Clasps just received.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. mar 26 tf